DIGVIJAY INSURANCE CO., LTD.
1943 FIGURES
New business received - - - Rs. 20,70,000
Paid for business - - - - Rs. 17,51,000
Annual premium income over - - Rs. 1,50,000
WANTED CHIEF AGENTS and ORGANISERS
Apply to:—H. N. ASHAR Esqr., Mg. Director,
Sir Pherozshah Mehta Road, Fort, Bombay.

Regd. No. B. 1065

The Bombay Chronicle

Founder: Pherozeshah Mehta — Editor: Syed Abdullah Brelvi

VOL. XXXII NO. 270 — BOMBAY: TUESDAY, NOVEMBER 14, 1944 — Price: 2 Annas

LIBRARY OF THE BOMBAY BRANCH OF THE ROYAL ASIATIC SOCIETY

BEST BRAIN TONIC
RAMTIRTH BRAHMI OIL
SPECIAL No. 1.
ENDS BALDNESS INCREASES MEMORY, INSURES EYE-SIGHT, IMPARTS SOUND SLEEP. REMOVES GRAY HAIR, STOPS FALLING HAIR, REMOVES DANDRUFF.
SOLD EVERY-WHERE
RAMTIRTH YOGASHRAM
SANDHURST Rd. BOMBAY 4.
Rs. 3/8 1lb. BOTTLE
Rs. 2. 8 oz BOTTLE

'VALIANT FIGHTER FOR INDIA'S FREEDOM'

London Greetings To Jawaharlal

"MANY HAPPIER RETURNS"

HE IS A GIANT COMPARED WITH LITTLE STATESMEN WHO KEEP HIM IN JAIL

(Through United Press Of India)
LONDON, November 13.

"That Pandit Jawaharlal should be in prison is sufficient indictment of the British rule. This wrong is more intolerable by the fact that in stature of his ability and personality, he is a giant compared with the little statesmen who keep him in goal".

Thus observed Mr. Fenner Brockway, Secretary of the independent Labour Party, London, in the course of his message on the occasion of the fifty-fifth birthday of Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru which is being celebrated in London tomorrow.

Mr. Brockway says: "I take the view that the greatest changes in history are not due to individual leaders but to deeper social forces. Nevertheless, leadership is important and sometimes decisive. India is fortunate in having today two of the world's greatest men as its leaders. I mean, of course, Mahatma Gandhi and Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru. I welcome the opportunity of sending Pandit Jawaharlal a message on this fifty-fifth birthday. That he should be in prison is sufficient indictment of the British rule. This wrong is more intolerable by the fact that in stature of his ability and personality, he is a giant compared with the little Statesmen who keep him in goal.

Mr. Amery is pigmy, not only physically but mentally and spiritually, compared with him. There is no man in the British Cabinet who has the knowledge of man kind through ages and in the present period such as Jawaharlal possesses. There is no man who has so deeply studied all social and political systems, Russia, Britain, America, Germany, as Jawaharlal has done. There is no man who has his bold constructive vision. There is no man who has his strength of character and resolution to face all sacrifices for his ideals. India has reason to be proud of Jawaharlal. Britain has reason to be ashamed of the statesmen who gaoled him.

Perhaps the last word to be said in condemnation of Imperialism is that it gives small men power to imprison the great."

Dr. Harold Laski, the foremost socialist thinker and economist gives the following message to the "United Press of India":

"I should like, through you, to send my warm good wishes to Jawaharlal Nehru in his fifty-fifth birthday.

I know no figure in contemporary politics or greater nobility than he, and no greater proof of the failure of the British system in India than that he should be in jail instead of being the Prime Minister of a free India. I hope earnestly that I shall see this aim fulfilled in a brief time."

Prof. Edward Thompson in his message says: "It is very hard to know what to say about my dear friend Jawaharlal. As my message I send you, Jawaharlal, the assurance given to the Hebrew Prophet: 'O man, greatly beloved, fear not; peace be unto thee, be strong; yes, be strong. Go thou thy way till the end be: for thou shalt rest in thy lot at the end of the days'"

Lord Stabolgi also sent his best wishes for Pandit Nehru, whom he characterises as "the valiant fighter for India's freedom." "I believe", says Lord Stabolgi, "the time is overdue for unconditional release of Pandit Nehru and other Congress leaders."

Mrs. Ethel Mannin, famous authoress and a champion of Indian freedom says: "I am delighted to send my message for Nehru whom I greatly honour. It is the custom in this country to send people in their birthday's greeting 'many happy returns'. I would like to send to Jawaharlal this year slightly amended version 'Many happier returns', as many of them as he feels to make for rich and useful living.

That I have utmost admiration for his uncompromising stand you must know, and that I am completely with him in things, for which he stands, which is not merely free and independent India but for the issues which go beyond nationalism the dream of—and the struggle for—a free socialist world in which brotherhood of men, independent of race or colour or creed, is a reality.

Greetings from my heart to you Jawaharlal, personally, and the things for which you stand"

Pandit Jawaharlal photographed with Marshal Chiang Kai-Shek during his visit to China in 1939.

DO IT BEFORE END OF WAR

Sir Miles Thomas On Motor Industry Plan For India

LONDON, Nov. 13: Sir Miles Thomas, the motor manufacturer, in his second broadcast on industrial development, to-day said that whatever plan there was for the industrialisation of India should be put into operation before the end of the war.

To implement this plan, he suggested the setting up of a joint Industrial Board consisting of representatives of the Indian Government and those running the factories at present as well as those who would be running them in peacetime.

He suggested that some engineering administrators from Britain or elsewhere go to India to do broad-scale planning and organisation.—Reuter.

HURDLE BEFORE U.P. CONGRESSMEN

LUCKNOW, Nov. 13.

In view of D.I.R. Sec. 56 which 'inter alia' makes it obligatory to obtain permission of authorities before holding any meeting, it is reliably understood that the District Representative Assembly of Congressmen, pursuant to the Cawnpore decision, could not be formed here till now as "Congressmen feel it derogatory to hold a meeting in the presence of C.I.D."

Mr. Triloksingh Srivastava, prominent Congress leader, Lucknow, had appraised Babu Purshottamdas Tandon, President of the Representative Assembly of the U.P. Congressmen, about the situation in Lucknow.

Mr Triloksingh had correspondence with the District Magistrate as well in this connection.

This matter will also come up for discussion before the Executive Committee's meeting which will be held on November 19 at Allahabad.—United Press.

CALCUTTA TRAMWAYS' AGENT DEFIES CORPORATION

Sequel To Request For Examination Of Company's Accounts

CALCUTTA, Nov. 13: The Agent of the Tramway Company has informed the Calcutta Corporation that their request for examination of the Company's account cannot be complied with until such time as necessary resolutions on their proposal to purchase the Tramways are passed by the Corporation and approved by the Government.

The Agent has further informed the Corporation that a detailed statement of accounts in respect of each of the six years (1938-43) is being prepared in London, which will be given to the Corporation at the earliest possible moment.

CORPORATION'S WARNING

The Calcutta Corporation has informed the Agent of the Tramway Company that it is not possible that every small item in the whole transaction should receive the assent of the full Corporation and that of the Government and that the course adopted by the Corporation is sufficient for the Company.

The letter proceeds: "The rights of the Corporation are likely to be jeopardised by non-compliance of your Company with such requisitions and that the Corporation reserve to themselves the right to take whatever action they are advised to take in the matter of non-compliance."

The letter points out that the delay in the submission of the required statements is likely to cause dislocation in the time table involved in taking over the Tramways' undertaking, for which the responsibility lies with the Company.

GOING AHEAD

With a view to acquiring the entire Tramway's undertaking, the Calcutta Corporation, it is learnt, is negotiating with the Chairmen of the adjoining municipalities, the Calcutta Electric Supply Company, Commissioners of the Howrah Bridge and the Maidan authorities for the assignment of the existing agreements between them and the Tramways Company in favour of the Corporation. The Corporation is also contemplating to enter into new agreements wherever necessary.

Although the attitude of the Central and Provincial Governments has not yet been ascertained, forms for tenders, called by the Corporation for the appointment of an Agent to operate the Tramway service, are being purchased mainly by Indian firms. Recent purchasers include a European company.

The Corporation's proposals to purchase the Tramways' undertaking will again be considered at a full meeting of the Corporation on Wednesday. At the last meeting of the Corporation discussion on the subject was adjourned following a point of order that the Public Utilities and Markets Committee had exceeded its powers in dealing with the matter without reference to the Corporation. The Mayor will give his ruling on the point at the next meeting.—A. P.

HINDU AND REST TEAMS

The following will represent the Hindus and the Rest respectively in the Pentangular Cricket Tournament which will commence to-morrow (Wednesday).

THE HINDUS: V. M. Merchant (captain), S. W. Sohoni, C. S. Nayudu, S. N. Bannerjee, C. T. Sarwate, H. R. Adhikari, G. Kishenchand, D. G. Phadkar, Vinoo Mankad, D. D. Hindlekar and K. M. Rangnekar. The reserves are U. M. Merchant, M. K. Mantri and H. J. Kore.

THE REST: Vijay Hazare (captain), A. K. Bhalerao, M. Sathasivan, B. Frank, Patrick D'Souza, Vivek Hazare, V. Dias, J. Roach, B. P. Kadam, Arthur Fernandes and David Solomon. The reserves are C. D. Gundi, V. Alexander and Edwin Fernandes.

PATTON TAKES FIRST METZ FORT

From Reuter's Special Correspondent at the Third U.S. Army Hq. (Monday).—Gen. Patton captured his first Metz fort this afternoon. The Germans had evacuated it. The captured fort was at Verny, five miles due south of the city.—Reuter.

Ask Britain To Pay It

CALCUTTA, Nov. 13: The Mayor of Galle (Ceylon) will move at the forthcoming Mayors' Conference in Calcutta a resolution that war allowance to employees under local bodies are a legitimate charge on Imperial Government funds and that Government be requested to undertake the full payment of such allowances by way of a grant to respective local bodies for the duration of the war.

The Conference will be held in Calcutta on November 24, 25 and 26.—A. P.

FAROUK DISSOLVES PARLIAMENT

CAIRO, Nov. 13: King Farouk has signed a decree dissolving Parliament.

Elections will be held and the new Parliament will meet on January 18.—Reuter.

Allies May Bag Antwerp Port In Week But Metz May Take Longer

LONDON, Nov. 13: From Reuter's Military Commentator: It is perfectly clear that before Gen. Eisenhower could contemplate an all-out offensive he has to clear up two points on his front: Antwerp and Metz. Antwerp, it has been announced, will be in use within a week. Neutralising, if not capture, of the world's reputed strongest fortress has, therefore, become urgent.

GERMANS BLOW UP DAMS

With the U. S. Third Army: The Germans are blowing up dams on canals and rivers north-east of Metz.

Units of the Fourth Armoured Division are reported to be in the vicinity of Bermering, three miles north-east of Moerchingen.

LONDON Nov. 13: The German Overseas News Agency reported that American tanks spearheads making a sudden turn northward have reached eight miles south-east of Metz, where a heavy tank battl is raging.

AMERICANS IN THIONVILLE

BERLIN (Via Stockholm), Nov. 13: Today's German Communique reports that the Americans have penetrated into the town of Diedenhofen (Thionville).

ALLIES TAKE SEVERAL VILLAGES

S. H. A. E. F. PARIS, Nov. 13: Gen. Eisenhower's Communique today states: "Allied forces continued the advance in the Nancy-Metz area. Army and infantry units reached the village of Conthil and Liedresingen approximately seven miles north of Dieuze. Other units are in Chateau Brehain, Balhain and north of Chateau Salins. Armoured elements crossed the Nied Francais river and are in Herny, three miles off Han-Sur-Nied. Small advances were made west of St. Die and east of Bruyeres The villages of La Bolle, Moitrasses and La Chapelle have been taken.

Congress Party's Decision

NEW DELHI, Nov. 13.

It is understood that the Congress Party has decided to send their members to Select Committees and Standing Committees in the Central Assembly.—United Press.

****

LATEST COMMERCIAL

COTTON (DECEMBER)
New York, Nov. 13.

Previous Closing	21.77
To-day's Opening	21.78
Difference	+01
To-day's Closing	21.79
Difference	+02

ENGLISH DISCIPLE OF MAHATMA JAILED

Catherine Heilemann Gets One Year R. I. For Breach Of Internment Order

ALMORA Nov. 13. Miss Catherine Heilemann (Sarala Devi) an English educationist and a disciple of Mahatma Gandhi, who was being prosecuted under D.I.R. Section 26 for breach of an internment order of the District Magistrate of Almora has been convicted and sentenced to one year's R. I. by Rai Sahib Thakur Mehraban Singh, Sub-Divisional Magistrate of Baramandal (Almora). Miss Heilemann had earlier undergone two months 'S. I. for defying an internment order of the District Magistrate of Almora and was released on the expiry of her full term of imprisonment in April, 1944.—A. P.

CONGRESS M. L. A.'S STAGE WALK-OUT

MYSORE, Nov. 13: The Congress Party members numbering over 100 staged a walk-out this afternoon when the Mysore Representative Assembly met. The walk-out was a sequel to the President's ruling out three adjournment motions expressing dissatisfaction over the appointment of Mr. Pulla Reddi as Minister and another protesting against the prohibitory order on the Mysore State Congress President recently.—A. P.

HITLER OUT TO EXTERMINATE WOULD-BE REBELS

LONDON, Nov. 13.

The following is the concluding portion of Hitler's proclamation:

"Our most important ally Japan has from the beginning seen conflict as the life and death struggle it really is. And is warring with the courage of a truly heroic people.

Since the Russian Armies broke through the Rumanian front on the Don in November 1942 followed by the complete collapse of the Italian and Hungarian units, all the grave consequences this had for our conduct of the war after the betrayal has beset our people. Again and again we succeeded in getting our second wind and halting the enemy.

"As long I live Germany will not experience the fate of other European Nations who have been drowned by Bolshevism. As long as I breathe, my body and soul will be dedicated to the single idea—to make my people strong in defence and attack against this mortal danger."

WARNING TO WOULD-BE REBELS

If certain individuals among the defeated parties and classes or other sections in our Reich think that this is the time for them to rise again, they will live only to see their complete extermination.

Anyone who to-day lifts, a sword or throws a bomb against Germany will be mercilessly and ruthlessly exterminated. The time for compromise and half measures has definitely passed.

"What touched me most deeply after July 20th (attempt on his life) was the realisation that the German Army, Navy and Air Force were already full to the brim with the National Socialist spirit. Apart from weeding out the chaff, hardly anything was needed to be done to bring about complete unity of Party, People, State and Army.

Yet the consequences of 20th July have been dour. In the onrush of hope our enemies mustered all their might convinced that they could now overrun Germany. Their failure is due largely to the brave bearing of the Wehrmacht and the Waffen S. S. but especially of the German Home Front.

"I shall spare neither my health nor my life itself in doing my duty as the foremost German. If in these days I have but a few and rare words for the German people, that is only because I am working unremittingly towards the fulfilment of the tasks imposed upon me which must be fulfilled if we are to overcome fate.

Posterity will find the image of the German people unstained by these times."

HITLER IS NOT DEAD

LONDON, Nov. 13: The German overseas agency to-day, issued a statement attributed to "competent German quarters" saying that Hitler is enjoying complete health.

Reuter adds: This statement followed the circulation of many rumours which rose from Hitler's failure to speak on "Beer Cellar night" last Wednesday and the appearance of a written proclamation in his name last night.—Reuter

STOP PRESS

PLEA FOR INDO-AMERICAN TREATY

RYE (New York), Nov. 13.—The conclusion of a Treaty of Commerce and Navigation between India and the United States was urged by Sir Chunilal Mehta at the International Business Conference here to-day.—Reuter.

"TIRPITZ" SUNK

LONDON, Nov. 13: It is officially announced that the 'Tirpitz' has been sunk.

Light On Detention Of Congress Leaders

No Fixed Time For Review Of Their Period

NEW DELHI, November 13.

Replying to Mr. Avinashilingam Chettiar's question in the Central Assembly about the detention of members of the Congress Working Committee, the Home Member stated that Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru and other members of the Congress Working Committee were detained under orders issued by the Provincial Governments' concerned.

The orders must have been extended some time before July 15, i.e. six months after the restriction and detention ordinance, 1944, came into force, and would expire on January 15, 1945, unless previously cancelled or extended. There was no fixed time for reviews.

The Home Member stated in a written reply to Mr. Abdul Qaiyum that he gathered from a letter recently sent by Maulana Abul Kalam Azad to the Camp Superintendent that he and his colleagues were not prepared to take advantage of the facility now offered for interview, on the ground that they had been denied interviews for so long.

The Home Member denied the report that Pandit Govind Ballabh Pant's children were not allowed to converse with their father in their own mother tongue. No interview by them was either sought or refused, the Home Member added.

Prof. Ranga asked a number of questions about student detenus, who he said had been told that special previous permission should be obtained from the Director of Public Instruction before they were entitled to join college or high school studies. The Home Member replied that the matter was one that lay within the provincial Governments' discretion. The Government had no information nor had they issued any instructions on the subject.

As regards facilities for study, the Home Member stated that provincial practice varied; but he imagined that in all provinces students who had been detained or convicted were allowed educational book and in Bengal at least, he knew that Security Prisoners were allowed to take certain examinations.

No student was detained under the orders of the Government of India, said the Home Member in reply to a further question. No doubt, their youth was one of the considerations that would weigh with Provincial Governments in considering the release of students detained by them.—A. P.

Alleged Harassment Of Civilians By Military

NEW DELHI, Nov. 13.

Shaikh Rafiuddin Ahmed Siddiqui asked whether the Government were aware of high-handed atrocities of persecution and "zulum" by armed military soldiers, more specially Abyssinians and Negroes upon helpless unarmed and innocent civil people of the district of Chittagong in the shape of house looting, bazar looting, extortion in money abduction of women.

Mr. C. M. Trivedi, War Secretary in a written answer stated: "Certain incidents come to my notice but I am making further enquiries."

SOVIET GUNS POUND BUDAPEST OUTSKIRTS

MOSCOW, Nov. 13: The outskirts of Budapest are now within range of Soviet guns which are being concentrated to blast a path into the streets.

From Reuters' special correspondent: Marshal Malinovsky has won a big infantry battle north of Czegled, 40 miles south-east of Budapest. The Germans and Hungarians have been deprived of freedom of movement on the sectors south and south-east of Budapest and Marshal Malinovsky may achieve the encirclement of about half the opposing forces simultaneously with the storming of Budapest. These forces constitute the main Axis grouping in Hungary. Malinovsky is now believed to be massing tanks, heavy artillery and big groups of veteran street fighters armed with everything from flamethrowers to ruick-firing tommy guns in readiness for a decisive thrust into the streets of Budapest.

CENTRAL LEGISLATURE TO BE DISSOLVED

(From Our Correspondent)
NEW DELHI, Nov. 14.

Lobby indications are that provided war situation permits it, Government is likely to dissolve both Houses of Central Legislature to hold General Elections in July, 1945.

C. P. WEAVERS' PLIGHT

Adjournment Motion In Assembly Ruled Out

NEW DELHI Nov. 13.

In the Assembly to-day, the President ruled out of order Nawab Siddiq Ali Khan's adjournment motion to discuss the "forced unemployment and the consequent starvation of thousands of weavers in Burhanpur and other places in Central Provinces, owing to the lack of yarn supply and the failure of the Textile Commissioner to give relief to the sufferers."

Three Amending Bills Passed

The Central Assembly to-day passed Sir Azizul Haque's Bill temporarily to amend the Indian Patents and Designs Act and Mr. Bill Tuker to amend the Cotton Market Expansion Act and Mr. J. D. Tyson's Bill further to amend the Delhi Joint Water and Sewage Board Act.

The Finance Member, Sir Jeremy Raisman's Bill to consolidate and amend the law relating to Government Securities issued by the Central Government and to the management by the Reserve Bank of India of the Public Debt of the Central Government as reported by the Select Committee was under discussion when the House adjourned till to-morrow.—A. P.

Appeal To Govt. To Rescue Industry

The President of the Muslim League of Burhanpur (C.P.) wires to say that at a public meeting of the citizens of Burhanpur held on Sunday evening, grave concern was expressed for the poor weavers of the town who were experiencing unprecedented difficulties in getting yarn from Bombay resulting in unemployment for thousands of weavers and appealing to the Government to take prompt action in saving the industry.

The President of the Weavers Association Burhanpur, wires to say that a general meeting of the local weavers held on Sunday appealed to the Government to rise to the occasion by arranging prompt supplies of varn and thus avert a deathblow to the handloom industry

KULESEKHARAPATANAM CASE APPEAL TO PRIVY COUNCIL

MADRAS, Nov. 13.—Mr. C. Rajagopalachari announces that so far a sum of Rs. 1.600 and odd has been collected for arranging defence for the accused in the Kulesekharapatanam Rioting Case. A sum of Rs. 1,100 has been placed at the disposal of the legal advisers in Madras for being remitted to solicitors in London to arrange for their Privy Council appeal—United Press.

BHARAT
FIRE & GENERAL INSURANCE, LIMITED,
DELHI
Chairman: SETH R. DALMIA Secretary: Mr. P. P. GUPTA
First-year Results a Record
THE MOST PROGRESSIVE INSURANCE HOUSE WITH
DYNAMIC BUSINESS ORGANISATION-FARSIGHTED & SKILLED UNDERWRITING ECONOMIC & EFFICIENT ADMINISTRATION
All Classes of FIRE & GENERAL INSURANCE Transacted
BRANCHES ALL OVER INDIA
BOMBAY BRANCH:
Telegrams: "BHARATFIRE" — Bharat Buildings, 15-A, Elphinstone Circle, Post Box No. 1103, Fort. — Telephone: 31068

PLASTIC CONTAINERS AND CAPS
Containers for lipsticks, cosmetics, ointments and fancy bottle caps in attractive colours and shapes are available from ready stock.
Caps, containers and other plastic articles are also prepared according to requirements.
Write giving full particulars as to requirements and if possible samples to
SWASTIK PLASTIC PRODUCTS
Post Box, 993, Bombay 1.

Epics! . No. 7

Remember Pearl Harbour!

It is just after dawn on Sunday, December 7th, 1941. In Washington Japanese envoys are negotiating a treaty with the State Department. In the Hawaiian Islands in the Central Pacific people are just getting up and starting on the day's tasks.

From out of the blue unprovoked and without warning, come wave after wave of bombing aircraft of His Celestial Highness Hirohito. They have come to strike a mortal blow at the United States of America, until that moment a friendly neighbour. Such is the thing which the world now knows and will always remember as Pearl Harbour. The pages of history hold no parallel case of treachery and deceit.

For us to-day 'Pearl Harbour' means many things—more important things than Japanese treachery. It recalls the heroism of the stricken U.S. fighting men and their battle to minimise the terrible damage they had received—it symbolises the acme of civilian morale. But above all it stands for the mighty effort of the American people to avenge their affront—the unshakable determination to rid the world of the Japanese menace. In the centuries to come 'Pearl Harbour' will still be used as symbol of a great nation's triumph.

INSERTED BY JAMES CARLTON LTD LONDON
MANUFACTURERS OF VIRGINIA NO 10 CIGARETTES
NTE 121

Good welding is largely a matter of ELECTRODES

STEAD ELECTRODES

Speed and efficiency, two very important factors today, call for the use of STEAD Electrodes. Approved by the Admiralty, Board of Trade, British Corporation Register of Shipping and Aircraft, and Lloyd's Register of Shipping.

J. STEAD & CO. (INDIA) LTD.
11, BRITISH INDIAN STREET, CALCUTTA,
MAPLA BUILDINGS, 40-42, NANABHAI LANE, FORT, BOMBAY.

Think in STEAD before you buy

MICA MINING & TRADING CO. OF INDIA LTD.

Regd. Office:—12, Chowringhee Sq., Calcutta.

Owners of Mica Mines, Manufacturers of Micanites of all description 'V' Rings Empire cloth etc. Large suppliers to J. M. M. & I. S. D.

Dividend declared @ 10% per annum free of Income-Tax for the last 3 years.

For shares please apply to:
BENGAL SHARE DEALERS' SYNDICATE, LIMITED.
"Share Dealers' House": CALCUTTA.

THE
INDIAN OVERSEAS BANK, LTD.

Paid-up Capital and Reserves Rs. 33,98,920-0-0
Head Office: MADRAS.

Branches at

Alleppey	Cannanore	Madura
Bombay	Coimbatore	Negapatam
Bangalore	Devakottah	Pudukottah
Calicut	Karaikudi	Salem

Sivaganga & Kivalur.

London & New York Agents:
THE CHASE NATIONAL BANK OF THE CITY OF NEW YORK.
BANKING BUSINESS OF EVERY DESCRIPTION TRANSACTED.
Bombay Office:
Patel House, Churchgate Street, Fort.
'Phone: 33663

HIND BANK LTD.

CURRENT ACCOUNTS • FIXED DEPOSITS • SAVINGS BANK • DISCOUNT • LOANS • BILL-COLLECTION • INVESTMENT SERVICE.

CAPITAL

Authorised	Rs. 2 crores
Issued & Subscribed	Rs. 1 crore
Called and Paid-up	Rs. 50 lakhs
Reserve	Rs. 4½ lakhs

BOARD OF DIRECTORS

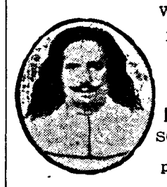
Mr. K. P. Goenka (Chairman) * The Hon. Sir B. P. Singh Roy, K.C.I.E. * Mr. B. L. Jalan * Mr. M. A. H. Ispahani * Mr. N. D. Bangur * Mr. B. Kumar Birla * Mr. D. P. Goenka * Mr. J. B. Elias.
General Manager: Mr. N. M. Chokshi
Bombay Mgr. Ambalal P. Parikh

LOAN AND CREDITS

Whenever financial accommodation is required, particularly to accelerate the flow of goods in production and distribution, the Hind Bank is keen to offer its services. Cash Credits can be provided against rotating stocks of goods under a declaration system; outright loans or overdrafts on approved securities are of course alternative means of obtaining finance from this Bank.

The Hind Bank Ltd.
CALCUTTA BOMBAY
London Bankers:—Midland Bank Ltd.

FOREWARNED IS FOREARMED.
SERVICE TO HUMANITY IS SERVING GOD



WHO SAYS THAT FUTURE DOES NOT COME OUT TRUE?
WHY WORRY FOR FUTURE?
CONSULT
Prof. BOPARA
SCIENTIFIC PALMIST
possessing YOGIC Power.
Charges moderate. Trial Solicited.
Prof. M. B. BOPARA
People's Bldg., 1st Floor, Room No 10,
Sir Pherozeshah Mehta Road,
Fort, BOMBAY.
Time: 9 a.m. to 6 p.m.

FOR PROMPT RELIEF FROM COUGHS & COLDS

DISTRESSING cough and cold should never be neglected. Just take a COFEX Pastille and you'll find for yourself, why so many other people use only COFEX for cough, cold and other throat and chest troubles.
COFEX contains extract liquorice in highly concentrated form with other expectorants and oils such as menthol, anisi, pine, etc. Highly germicidal COFEX is stimulating, penetrating and helpful in drawing out local congestion and pain. Makes breathing easier—choking feeling disappears.

Available in bottles containing 35 pastilles at all Chemists and Stores. Also in Syrup form. Recommended by Doctors.

COFEX
PASTILLES OR SYRUP
Sole Agents,
VIJAYA CORPORATION
Lakshmi Building, Sir Phirozeshah Mehta Road, Bombay.

Enlarged Cabinet For Sind

Roger Thomas & Talpur As Additional Ministers: Leaguers Perturbed

FROM A. P. AND U. P.

KARACHI, Nov. 13.

The Sind Cabinet will be enlarged to seven Ministers with the addition of the two who were sworn in the Government this morning.

They are, Mir Ghulamalikhan Talpur who will fill the place at Khan Bahadur Khuhro and Mr. Roger Thomas, European, who is not a member of the Assembly. The latter will have to be returned to the Asembly within a period of six months and to provide for him one of the two sitting European members has resigned. This is the first time that Europeans have been given representation in the Cabinet.

Out of the seven Ministers, four are Muslims, two Hindus and one European.

The original strength of the Sind Cabinet was of three Ministers, it was increased to six and now to seven.

It is understood that Mr. M. H. Gazdar who was in charge of Law and Order has been assigned the portfolio of education.

The portfolios of the two Hindu Ministers remain unchanged.

FIRST EUROPEAN MINISTER

Mr. Roger Thomas, C.I.E., is the first European to become Minister of a Provincial Government where provincial autonomy is functioning.

LEAGUERS PERTURBED

The appointment of the two new Ministers will be considered by the Working Committee of the Sind Provincial Muslim League, which is meeting here on November 19.

A prominent member of the League Assembly Party said that the Premier's action would cause controversy because the Party had not been consulted in the matter. He said that 17 members of the Party had submitted a requisition to the Premier requesting him to consult the Party in the matter of selecting a new Minister in place of Khan Bahadur Khuhro.

These appointments of new Ministers and change in the portfolio of Mr. Gazdar have caused dissatisfaction in the Muslim League circles, it is gathered.

Mr. G. M. Syed, President, Sind Provincial Muslim League, is calling a meeting of the members of the Assembly owing allegiance to the League to consider the issue.

Congress M. L. A.'s Not To Be Released

The Sind Government, it is learnt, has decided to continue in detention Congress members of the Sind Assembly and other detenus. It appears that their cases were reviewed recently when the above decision was reached.

END NAZISM IN SOUTH AFRICA

Gen. Theron On Lessons Of This War: Plea For Tolerance To Other Nationals

CAPETOWN, Nov. 13.—Alarm [illegible] the growing intolerance which is found in South Africa was expressed by a South African General now visiting South Africa, in an Armistice anniversary interview.

Maj-Gen. F. H. Theron, General Officer (Administrative) South African Defence Forces, Mediterranean, told a reporter: "The people who are intolerant towards the Jews, Indians, the coloured and natives are ignoring the lesson of this war, which is to teach the nations of the world tolerance and patience. We are fighting this war to rid the world of Fascism and Nazism which must be extirpated not only from Germany, Italy and Japan, but also from this country. You never hear any racial talk in Italy. South African soldiers have developed a broadened outlook from contacts with the British, American, French, Italian and Indian troops. South Africans 'up north' who are drawn from both British and Boer racial stocks in about equal numbers have learned to work together and will return to their country more tolerant than they left it."—Reuter.

PRETENDER TO FRENCH THRONE ARRESTED

PARIS, Nov. 13: Comte De Paris, the pretender to the French throne has been arrested at Perpignan, according to the newspaper "Liberation Sole." The newspaper says "the pretender to French throne was wounded in the shoulder while being arrested."—Reuter.

Appeal Against Life Sentence Admitted

(Before the Hon'ble Mr. Justice Lokur and Mr. Justice Weston).

(1) Mahadev Fattesing Deshmukh,
(2) Bhaskar Fattesing Deshmukh ... Appellants.

v.

The King-Emperor ... Respondent.

The appellants had been convicted and sentenced by the Sessions Judge of West Khandesh to transportation for life and five years' rigorous imprisonment respectively for having caused the death of one Dagadu Gopal Deshmukh by stabbing him in the stomach at Ner village in West Khandesh. The Sessions Judge had disagreed with and rejected the unanimous verdict of the assessors who had found the appellants not guilty of the charges preferred against them. The accused having appealed, the matter came up before Their Lordships for admission of the appeal.

Counsel for the appellant urged that there was evidence of "alibi" supported by the prosecution evidence itself which should have been accepted, that the prosecution evidence was unreliable and deposed to a state of facts which was both unnatural as well as improbable, and that the sentences passed were unduly severe and that therefore the appeal should be admitted.

Their Lordships admitted the appeal which will now reach hearing in due course.

Mr. H. R. Pardivala with Mr. B. G. Thakore appeared for the appellants.

ALLIES SHELL KALEMYO

Chinese Troops Advance On Northern Burma Front

KANDY, Nov. 13.

Fourteenth Army artillery is shelling Kalemyo, the gateway to the Chin Hills, which was an important base in the Japanese-Manipur offensive this year, says a "press-note," issued today from S.E.A.C. Headquarters.

It is now within range of East African forces moving down the Kabaw and Kale Valleys from the north.

Following is today's communique:

CHIN HILLS: Troops of the Fifth Indian Division have cleared the stockades, two strong points on the road east from Tiddim, and have pushed on to within ten miles of Kalemyo.

KABAW VALLEY: East African forces, advancing on Kalemyo down the Kabaw and Kale Valleys, are shelling the town.

CHINDWIN: Progress is maintained by other East African forces operating against the enemy on the west bank of the Chindwin.

ARAKAN: Japanese suffered casualties in patrol clashes with West African troops around Paletwa and with troops of the 25th Indian Division south of Maungdaw.

NORTHERN BURMA: In the Bhamo area Chinese troops have met much stiffer enemy resistance. Units in the Momauk area are now engaged in heavy fighting. Chinese troops have advanced south of the Taping river to a village seven miles north-east of Bhamo.

In the railway corridor units of the British 36th Division have also met increasing resistance from strong Japanese defences. In hard fighting British troops made minor advances and are now half a mile from Pinwe, seven miles north of Naba junction.

Japs Quit Two Positions On Burma Road

SALWEEN FRONT, Nov. 8.—From M. M. Nerurkar, A.P.I. war correspondent: Japanese troops holding Changchingshan and Fangmachiao, two positions dominating the Burma Road, south-west of recently captured Lungling. This withdrawal clears the road to a point about four miles south-west of Lungling.

A position three miles west of Mangshih, a Burma Road town 15 miles south-west of Lungling, has been captured by the Chinese.

Chinese and American flags were hoisted yesterday in the centre of Lungling, three days after the Jap garrison was driven out.

500 BR. AIRWOMEN FOR INDIA

NEW DELHI, Nov. 13.—The first contingent of 500 officers and airwomen of the Women's Auxiliary Air Force, who will shortly be arriving in India from Britain, are to serve initially in Delhi, Bombay, and in various units in Ceylon, including Headquarters, Air Command, S.-E. Asia.—A.P.

ANTHONY BACK IN BRITAIN.

LONDON, Nov. 13: The British Foreign Secretary Mr. Anthony Eden has returned to Britain from Paris.—Reuter.

NO CIVIC ADDRESS TO DR. AMBEDKAR

The Bombay Municipal Corporation at its meeting on Monday, turned down by a large majority, a resolution suggesting the presentation of a civic address to Dr. B. R. Ambedkar Labour Member to the Government of India when he visits the city next.

A large part of the debate lasting over an hour and a half was taken up with a discussion on Mr. B. T. Deorukkar, who moved the resolution.

After it was seconded by Khan Saheb Mahomed Sarang, Mr S. K. Patil Leader of the Congress Municipal Party stated that it was difficult to make out when Mr. Deorukkar was serious about his resolutions and when he was not. In the circumstances, the Congress Party would oppose his resolutions without going into the question of their merits.

It may be recalled here that recently Mr. Deorukkar tabled a resolution, placing on record the services of Mr. Motichand Kapadia, asked for priority, and when priority was given, refused to move the resolution.

In the debate which ensued Mr. M. V. Donde, Mr. M. N. Talpade and Mr. Naushir Bahruchа criticised and Mr. Jamnadas Dwarkadas, Mr. Mohanlal Desai and Mr. M. I. Rowji defended the attitude of the Congress Party.

Mr. K. F. Nariman intervening in the debate said that although Dr. Ambedkar was a distinguished citizen with a fine record of service, the Congress Party was bound to oppose such a resolution, as long as he was the limb of an alien Government. He cited an instance when a proposal to give an address to Dr. Rajendra Prasad was opposed because of his political affiliations. On that occasion, however, the resolution was withdrawn, and a party was arranged in which everybody joined. He suggested a similar course at present.

The resolution was pressed and was lost by a large majority.

Fire And General Insurance On Co-operative Principle

Mr. Madhavlal M. Bhatt moved the following resolution at the Bombay Provincial Co-operative Conference which was passed. "This Conference is of the opinion that Co-operative business be extended to cover risks of fire and other branches of general insurance and for that purpose appoints the following Committee". In moving the resolution Mr. Madhavlal emphasised the need for extending the insurace business to fire and other branches on co-operative lines. He pointed that at present it was essential to extend at least the fire business on co-operative basis. The insurance is a service and not a business of making money and as such this service can be done in a better way on co-operative basis. Life business in existence and is working satisfactorily. The Bombay Co-operative Insurance Society which was started on a very small scale is to-day considered to be the first-class Company and is giving service to urban and rural areas. The first business if started on co-operative basis will prove to be very useful and it will make a consolidation with Housing Societies Co-operative Consumers' Stores, Co-operative Banks and will be a link between the above as Co-operative Society is working with the credit Societies.

A Committee was appointed with power to co-opt and report within three months.

WANTED

For Service in:—

NAVAL HEADQUARTERS
GENERAL HEADQUARTERS
AIR HEADQUARTERS (INDIA)

STENOGRAPHERS—Male, Female.

A few vacancies exist for really expert stenographers. Initial pay upto Rs. 200/- per mensem in the scale Rs. 125-5-180-10-300 *plus* proficiency allowances at—

Rs. 75/- per mensem for 140 words per minute.
Rs. 50/- per mensem for 130 words per minute.
Rs. 25/- per mensem for 120 words per minute.

Minimum standard for pay at Rs. 125 per mensem—shorthand 100 words per minute, typing 35 words per minute. Only those who can pass a test at the speed stated need apply.

CLERKS—Male.

(a) Free preliminary training for one month, with allowance of Rs. 60/- per mensem. *(b)* Initial pay on appointment will be Rs. 60/- p. m. plus dearness allowance. Annual increments of Rs. 5/- up to Rs. 100/-

TYPISTS—Male.

(a) Must be able to type at 35-40 words per minute from manuscript. Will be required to pass a test before recruitment. Preliminary training may be given. Allowance whilst under training Rs. 60/- p. m. *(b)* Pay on appointment will be Rs. 60/- p. m. plus dearness allowance. Annual increments of Rs. 5/- up-to Rs. 100/-

GENERAL.

Minimum educational qualification for all the above posts—Matriculation.

Dearness allowance at Rs. 14/- p. m. or Rs. 12/- p. m. admissible to all categories except those under training provided pay and dearness allowance do not exceed Rs. 214/- or Rs. 162/- p. m. according to class of station to which posted. Bonus Rs. 5/- p. m. credited to the account of clerks and typists for approved service payable at the end of war.

NO OVERSEAS LIABILITY—but may be required to serve anywhere in India.

NORMAL STATIONS—New Delhi, Simla and Meerut.

Apply:—

THE COMMANDANT,
G. H. Q. CLERKS TRADE TESTING SCHOOL,
Cornwallis Road, NEW DELHI.

GAA AAA 1475

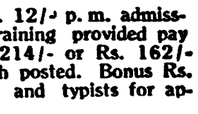
POSTWAR PLANNING ON THE CLOTHING FRONT

Blazing New Trails in COTTON MANUFACTURES

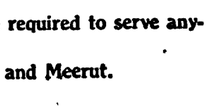
THE difficulties that beset the path of the pioneer, equipped though he be with the most modern and highly specialised of automatic plants, are hardly less serious today than in the eighteenth century with its primitive machinery driven by air or water-power. Now, as then, perseverance and a will to succeed are the deciding factors which produce results.

The inventive spirit of the Bangalore Mills, which has evolved and perfected a variety of superfine cotton shirtings, suitings and other fabrics, is fully alive to India's growing needs for improved cotton fabrics. But for the duration of the war the entire capacity of the Mills has to be devoted to the vital task of clothing our fighting services.

Meanwhile, the Mills' technical staff, mostly drawn from the British textile industry, are following their illustrious forefathers in their quest for new and improved cotton fabrics. In these new creative efforts, the invaluable experience they have gained in solving intricate problems of wartime clothing, is bound to stand them in good stead.



The Spinning Wheel.

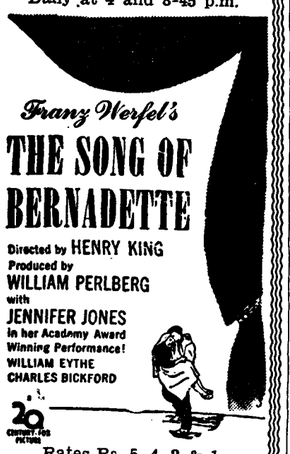


The "Spinning Jenny" (1749).

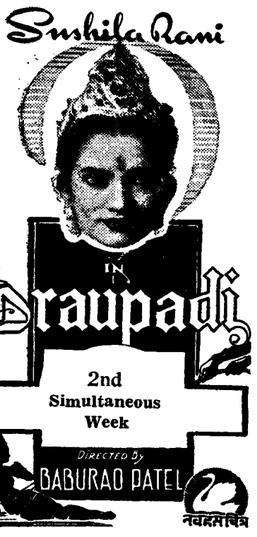
A Modern Automatic Spinning Machine.

BANGALORE MILLS
THE BANGALORE WOOLLEN, COTTON & SILK MILLS CO., LTD.
BANGALORE

Digitized with financial assistance from the Government of Maharashtra on 18 April, 2017

REGAL Ph. 35017
Daily at 4 and 8-45 p.m.

Franz Werfel's
THE SONG OF BERNADETTE
Directed by HENRY KING
Produced by WILLIAM PERLBERG
with
JENNIFER JONES
in her Academy Award Winning Performance!
WILLIAM EYTHE
CHARLES BICKFORD
20th CENTURY-FOX PICTURE
Rates Rs. 5, 4, 2 & 1.

Sushila Rani



IN
Draupadi
2nd Simultaneous Week
Directed by BABURAO PATEL
नवहिंदमोविज

IMPERIAL
and
ROXY
Daily: 4 p.m.—7 p.m.—10 p.m.
Rush For Advance Bookings.

****

ALL COLOURED COPY!
RAJKAMAL'S &
V. SHANTARAM'S
SHAKUNTALA
Starring: JAYASHREE
62ND DIAMOND WEEK

Plans Open 10 to 1 & 3 to 7 p. m
Daily: 4, 7, 10 Sat., Sun., Fri. 1-15 p.m.

SWASTIK
****

6th WEEK
MAZHAR ART PRODUCTIONS'
BARI BAAT
Suvarnalata, Ulhas, Yakub
Producer and Director: MAZHAR KHAN
CAPITOL
Daily: 4, 7, & 9-45 p.m.
Sat., Sun., Holidays 1 p.m.
Advance Booking: 10 to 12 & 3 to 5 p.m.
An EVERGREEN Release

5TH WEEK OF GLORY!
SOBHAGYA PICTURES SOCIAL
RONAQ
Motilal, Suvarnalata, Charlie, Chandramohan, Chandraprabha
Director: DWARKA KHOSLA
LAMINGTON
Daily: 4-30, 7-15 and 10 p.m.
Sat., Sun., Holidays: 1-45 p.m.
Advance Booking: 10 to 12 and 4-30 to 6
An EVERGREEN Release

Third 3 WEEK of Glamour!
MAJESTIC Sat., Sunday
Matinee 1 p.m.
Daily: 4, 7, 10 p.m.
"Vijay-Laxmi"
Co-starring for the First Time
SHOBHANA SAMARTH and MOTILAL with DAVID

WHEN LUST RUNS AMUCK!

See what Happens in
Rajkamal's Social Classic
PARBAT PE APNA DERA
Directed by V. SHANTARAM
Plans open 10 to 12-30, 4-30 to 7 p.m.
Daily 4, 7, 10. Sat. Sun. 1 p.m.
7th WEEK OF RECORD CROWDS
NOVELTY

13TH WEEK
Famous Release
DASSI
MINERVA
Daily 4, 7 & 10
Sat. Sun. Holidays; Matinees at 1-0
Plans Open Box, Balcony: 10 to 12

Fresh Talent Triumphs in Minerva's modern Social
DR. KUMAR
Directed by KISHORE SHARMA
Plans open 10 to 12 & 3 to 6 p.m.
Daily: 4, 7, 10., Sat., Sun. 1 p.m.
Join the Crowds at
KRISHNA
(DUBASH THEATRE)

LAST ZENANA SHOW THURSDAY 1-45
ACHARYA ART'S
AGE KADAM
Director: N. R. ACHARYA
11th WEEK OF CROWDS
TAJ
Daily: 4-30, 7-15 and 10-15
AN EVERGREEN RELEASE

ALL-COLOURED HINDI COPY
Prakash's Magnificent Epic
RAM RAJYA
65TH WEEK OF FAME
SUPER
Daily: 3-30, 6-30 & 9-45.
AN EVERGREEN RELEASE

Plans open 10 to 12 & 3 to 6
Marathi Matinees at 1-0 on Sat. Sun. Holidays
Daily Hindi 4 & 10, Marathi 7-0
20TH WEEK CENTRAL
Prabhat's
RAM SHASTRI

UNIQUE IN ITS EMOTIONAL APPEAL
Central Studios'
PARAKH
Starring: MEHTAB
Directed by: SOHRAB MODI
NEW WEST END
Daily: 4 7 and 10 p.m.

ROYAL OPERA HOUSE
Daily: 4, 7 and 10 p.m.
Sat., Sun., Matinee at 1-30 p.m.
RANJIT'S SHAHENSHAH BABAR
KHURSHID & SHEIKH MUKHTAR
Director: VAJAHAT MIRZA

CITY AND SUBURBS

To-day

Hindu: Kartak Vad 14, 2001.
Muslim: Zilkad 27, 1363.
Parsi: Khordad 12, 1314.
Sunrise: 7-45 a.m. Sunset: 7-1 p.m.
Hightide: 11-50, 24-35.
Lowtide: 5-56, 17-59.

To-day's Engagements

B. P. ADULT EDUCATION ASSOCIATION: Monsoon Classes begin on November 20. Enrolment at Cama Institute, Museum East, Bombay 1.

GATHA SOCIETY: A public meeting at The K. R. Cama Oriental Institute, to-day, 6 p.m. (S. T.), when Mr. B. T. Anklesaria, will explain Gatha Vohukshatra (Yasna Ha 51; strophes 9 10 and 11.

ROTARY CLUB OF BOMBAY: Weekly Luncheon Meeting, at 1-30 p.m., Green's Hotel. Rotarian W. M. Martin, will speak on "Rotary Repiete".

ALL INDIA MUSLIM MAJLIS (BOMBAY BRANCH): A preliminary meeting of the members and sympathisers of All-India Muslim Majlis will be held on Wednesday, the 15th instant, at 9-30 p.m., ground floor, Imperial Mansion (Below Inquilab Office) Hippon Road, Bombay 8, when Mr. M. Y. Nurie, Mr. S. A. Breivi and others will explain the policy and programme of the Muslim Majlis.

CONTROL PRICE FOR TOILET ARTICLES.

According to Central Government Notification dated November 11, the upcountry retailer's issue price of an adult size Nylon tooth brush has been fixed at Rs. 1/3 and a small size Kolynos tooth paste (English) at Rs. 1/1. The upcountry retailer's issue price of a Coty lipstick refill has been fixed at -/12/-; of E. I. P. Standard size lip stick at Rs. 3 and of Coty Rouge at Rs. 1/8.

POLICY COMMITTEE ON SHIPPING.

NEW DELHI, Nov. 13: A meeting of the Policy Committee on Shipping will be called on December 7 next in Bombay.—United Press.

PUNJAB NATIONAL LIBERAL LEAGUE.

In deference to wishes of Liberal leaders, it is resolved to hold the next session of the National Liberal Federation during the Spring of 1945. The League has also appointed a special Sub-Committee to study the principles upon which the Constitution of a free India should be based.

New Order On Sale Of Mawa

The following amending order has been published in the Bombay Government "Gazette" Extraordinary of November 13, 1944.

Sale of mawa imported from places outside Bombay City and the Bombay Suburban District and of sweetmeats prepared from such imported mawa will be permitted in accordance with the conditions of a licence granted by the Director of Civil Supplies, Bombay. Persons engaged in the sale of imported mawa and/or sale of sweetmeats prepared from such mawa should apply for licences to the Director of Civil Supplies, Bombay, on or before November 30, 1944.

TODAY ON RADIO

TUESDAY, Nov. 14.
BOMBAY—1

244 m (1,231 kc/s) 8-0 a m News (H) 8-15 News (E) 8-30 Laxmi Bai Kelkar 8-50 News (M) 9-0 News (G) 9-10 Tomorrow 9-15 A P Narayangaonkar 9-30 Thumri and Ghazal 9-45 Sardar Mansur 12-30 p m Bhavgeet (M) 12-45 News (M) 12-50 News (G) 12-55 News (H) 1-0 Film Music 1-30 News (E) 1-40 Music (E) 5-0 Champa Sohony 5-15 Sardar Mansur 5-30 Vinayakrao Vyas (Indore) 5-55 Locals 6-0 Children's Half-Hour (G) 6-30 News (E) 6-40 News (H) 6-45 News Commentary (G) 6-50 Film Music 7-0 Griha-Shobha (M) 7-15 Vinayakrao Vyas 7-30 Champa Sohony 7-45 A P Narayangaonkar 8-0 Sardar Mansur 8-15 News (M) 8-30 News (G) 8-45 Radio Reconnaissance (M) 9-0 News (H) 9-20 News (E) 9-30 B B C News 9-45 Front-Line Britain (E) 10-0 Joan King: (E) 10-15 Herbert Marshall Long 10-0 State Opera Orch. (E)

MR. M. D. MEHTA of Birla Bros Ltd. who recently left by air for U. S. A. to obtain services of technical experts and technical co-operation of American manufacturers for the Hindustan Motors Ltd. In 1918, Mr. Mehta entered the automobile business and in 1924 he was the first to put up in India an assembly plant even earlier than the Ford and General Motors established their plants in this country.

Result Of B.Sc. Subsidiary Exam.

The following candidates have passed the B.Sc. (Subsidiary) examination of the Bombay University held in October.

Passed the whole Examination No. 252.

Passed in the Subsidiary Subject Nos.: 1 4 6 8 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 20 21 22 23 24 25 26 27 28 29 31 32 34 35 36 37 38 40 41 42 43 44 45 46 47 48 49 50 52 53 54 55 57 58 59 62 63 64 65 66 67 68 69 70 71 72 73 74 75 76 77 78 79 80 81 82 83 85 86 87 88 89 91 92 93 96 98 100 101 103 104 105 107 108 110 111 112 113 115 117 118 121 122 124 126 127 130 136 138 139 140 141 142 143 144 145 146 147 148 149 151 153 158 159 160 161 163 164 165 167 168 171 172 174 175 176 179 180 181 185 186 191 193 195 197 199 204 206 209 210 211 212 213 215 216 218 219 220 222 223 225 230 232 233 236 237 239 240 241 243 245 247 248 249 250 253 255 256 260 261 263 264 265 267 268 269 270 272 273 275 276 277 278 279 280 281 282 283 284 285 287 290 292 293 294 295 296 298 300 301 302 303 304 306 307 308 311.

B. COM. EXAM. RESULTS

The following candidates have passed the B. Com. Examination of the Bombay University, held in October, 1944.

FIRST CLASS: No. 109.

SECOND CLASS: Nos. 21 24 56 131 146 182.

PASS Nos.: 1 3 6 7 8 10 15 16 19 25 30 38 39 41 44 45 47 51 53 55 57 60 61 62 63 67 68 69 70 71 72 76 78 80 82 86 88 104 105 106 110 113 115 120 121 127 128 144 153 154 155 156 158 160 168 170 171 174 175 179 180 185 186 187 195 196 202 207 208 209 211.

Passed in additional special subject only: Nos. 18 29 31 79 184.

State Medical Faculty, Bombay

1ST L. M. P. EXAM. RESULT.

In the result of the First L. M. P. Examination, held in November 1944, the number of the successful candidates are as below:—

3 8 14 17 19 23 26 29 41 43 45 46 59 62.

The percentage of result comes to 22.5. Number 14 stands first in order of merit.

JAWAHAR JAYANTI IN CITY

Mr. S. K. Patil, General Secretary of the B. P. C. C., writes:

Congressmen and friends of the Congress in Bombay send their humble tribute of love and loyalty to Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru on the occasion of his 55th birth anniversary to-day (Tuesday). It is an irony of fate which mankind will remember for a long time, that while the world to-day is being mobilized for the final overthrow of the Fascist forces, the arch-enemy of Fascism and all that it stands for Jawaharlal is still rotting behind prison bars. Wherever he may be I have no doubt that even the rulers who keep him in imprisonment know it very well that he is enthroned in the hearts of millions of his countrymen, and I do not know how many millions in the world outside. May he live long and in fine vigour to complete the battle of freedom which he has fought so long and so well!

CELEBRATION'S AT KHAR.

PANDIT JAWAHARLAL NEHRU'S BIRTHDAY will be celebrated at Khar in the Laxmi Nagar Pavilion Hall, 10th Road, to-day, at 7 p.m.

STUDENTS' RALLY.

Under the auspices of the Bombay Students' Union a Students' Rally will be held at Marwari Vidyalaya Hall, (near Sandhurst Road, Tram Terminus), to-day, at 5-30 p.m., to greet Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru on his fifty-fifth birthday and to demand his release and that of the other members of the Working Committee. Sjt. Arun Bose, Jt. Secretary, All India Students' Federation, will speak on—"Gandhi-Jinnah Talks—What Next?"

"FREEDOM IS MY THEME"

Y. G. Krishnamurti's monograph on Nehru entitled "Freedom Is My Theme" (with a foreward by Professor Harold Laski) will be soon offered to the public by Popular Book Depot. The photograph appearing on the front page to-day is of the many striking illustrations in this book.

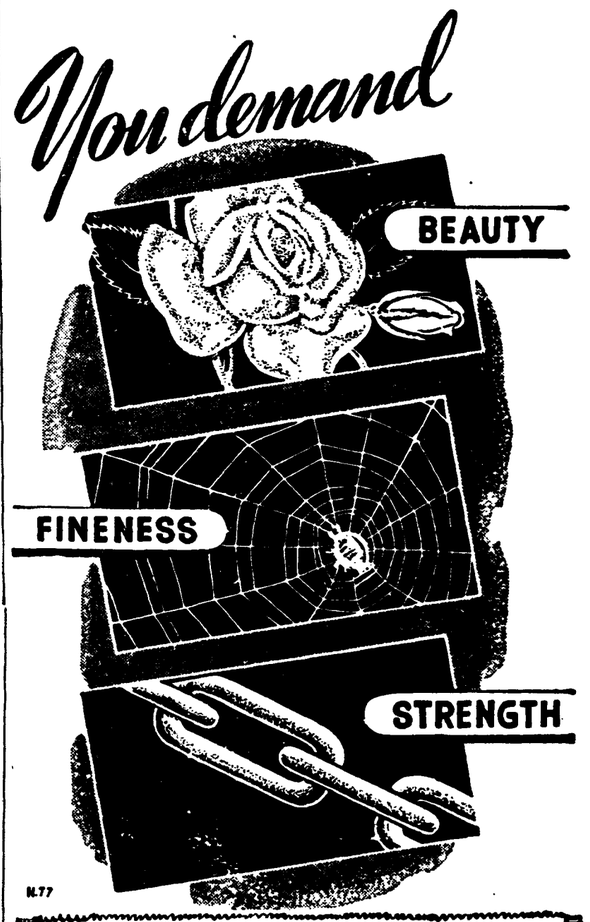
Milk Ration Cards

All holders of infants' milk ration cards in Bombay City are intimated by post by the Bombay Municipality the date from which they would be able to get their supply of milk against the cards. The public is advised that if no letter is received from the Municipality till about a week after a card is registered, the holder should see the manager of the centre concerned to enquire whether he has been included in the list or not and if not, when he would start getting his supply.

All the milk distributing centres are now working except two—E/31 at Maygaon and D/29 near Mahalaxmi temple. The number of cards registered at these centres is too small to start the centres working and those who have registered their cards at these centres should arrange to have them transferred to any other suitable centres.

CHANGE IN TIMINGS OF GOVT. GRAIN SHOPS.

For the convenience of the public the Government Grain Shops in Bombay City and the Bombay Suburban District will in future remain open on Saturdays from 8-30 a.m. to 12 noon and 3 p.m. to 7 p.m. On other days they will remain open as at present i.e. from 8-30 a.m. to 12 noon and 2 p.m. to 6 p.m.



IN FABRICS- Calico GIVES YOU THAT
THE AHMEDABAD MFG. & CALICO PTG. CO., LTD. AHMEDABAD

IN the bright morning sunlight of days gone by, a lovely lady of the Rajput Court bathes in the coolness of a secluded pool. Before soothing her skin with sweet scented oils her maid applies a thin cleansing paste of *oos* powder.... for in those far-off days soap was quite unknown. Nowadays, the convenience and luxury of HAMAM SOAP is available to everyone. The soft, abundant lather of HAMAM SOAP possesses refreshing properties never dreamed of by the lovely lady in her harem garden.

HAMAM
The Big Soap for your Bath
TOMCO SALES DEPT. Churchgate Street, Bombay.

A Divali scene four years ago

The illuminations at Divali are normally a part and parcel of Indian life. Candles are a prominent feature of these celebrations. In the past their availability was taken for granted. But the modern candle is made from petroleum wax, which today is playing its part along with other products of petroleum in the war effort of the United Nations.

So for some time past, we have gone short of candles, plain and coloured, common and decorative, bought for everyday use or for special occasions like Divali. It is hoped shortly to make more candles available in certain sizes, and users can rest assured that as soon as possible Burmah-Shell will again put on sale its full range of candles to suit every need and occasion.

INSERTED BY BURMAH-SHELL

All-India Weather

POONA, Nov. 13.

The following is the weather chart showing the maximum and minimum temperatures and rainfall in inches recorded at eight hours L M T on 10th:—Allahabad 87 57 0, BOMBAY 93 75 0, Calcutta 37 63 0, Cawnpore 86 56 0, Cuttack 90 65 0, Darjeeling 53 44 0, Delhi 86 56 0, Dehra Dun 77 52 0, Jacobabad 93 60 0, Karachi 89 74 0, Lahore 88 53 0, Lucknow 88 55 0, Madras 87 75 0, Nagpur 88 60 0, Patna 86 61 0, Peshawar 84 61 0, Shillong 67 46 0, Simla 60 48 0.—A. P.

A THOUGHT FOR THE DAY

Youth is always too serious, and just now it is too serious about trifles.

—G. K. Chesterton.

The Bombay Chronicle

A NEW APPROACH

To-day is the fifty-fifth birthday of Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru and will be celebrated as such in many parts of India and abroad. This is but natural as he is an embodiment of the country's passion for freedom and spirit of resistance to alien rule and every form of injustice. He is next to Gandhiji alone in his hold on the affection of the masses as well as the classes. In a message to London in connection with the birthday celebrations there Gandhiji aptly describes Jawaharlal as "a jewel among men." Gandhiji voices the feelings of millions when he adds: "Something is radically wrong with the system that has no better use of persons like him than as prisoners." The present is the Pandit's tenth term of imprisonment and he has been in prison altogther for about ten years. This fact is a tribute to his character as also to that of British rule in India. Mr. Fenner Brockway states a plain truth when he says: "That he should be in prison is sufficient indictment of British Rule. This wrong is more intolerable by the fact that in stature of his ability and personality, he is a giant compared with the little statesmen who keep him in jail—in ilia has reason to be proud of Mr. Nehru. Britain has reason to be ashamed of the statesmen who jailed him."

Pandit Jawaharlal is but one of many distinguished Indians for jailing whom the British "statesmen" should be ashamed of themselves and will fill other Britishers with shame. The statesmen of other countries who cherish freedom and democracy for others as well as themselves, who are disinterested enough to see the advantage of enlisting the wholehearted support of the anti-Fascist patriots of the Congress in the anti-Fascist war and who realise the danger of keeping them in jail indefinitely feel that it is urgently necessary to release Pandit Jawaharlal and other Congress leaders and make an earnest effort to enlist their support in the war. Mr. William Phillips is but one of these, though his position and the publication of his earlier confidential letter to President Roosevelt have give him special prominence. The full text of his letter to the President written in the spring of 1943 is now published and it shows how he wants America to help in the solution of the Indian problem. This fact and other relevant ones like the growing distress and discontent in India and the possibility of another fast by Gandhiji with all its repercussions, combine to bring the Indian question once more to the forefront of international politics. Briefly, the main proposals of Mr. Phillips are: (1) that the President, with the approval of the British Government, should invite a conference of the leaders of all important Indian political groups; (2) that the conference should be presided over by an American but should be under the patronage of the King Emperor, the President of the United States, the President of the Soviet Union and Marshal Chiang Kai-Shek "in order to bring pressure to bear in the Indian politicians"; (3) and that the King-Emperor should "give a fresh assurance of the intentions of the British Government to transfer power to India upon a certain date as well as his desire to grant a provisional set-up for the duration." Mr. Phillips attaches special importance to his proposal about the American chairmanship of the conference as it "would have the advantage of not only expressing the interest of Americans in the future independence of India but would also be guarantee to the Indians of the British offer of independence." This guarantee he says, is important as "British promises in this regard are no longer believed." These are all sound proposals, though the British Government is likely to object to American chairmanship of the conference. But on one ground or other they seem to have been rejected either by the President or Mr. Churchill. It, is, however, not impossible to revive them and strengthen them with the backing of the Indian people. After all, as Mr. Phillips himself points out, there is nothing radically new in his proposals except in the method of approach to the problem as "the British have already announced their willingness to grant freedom to India after the war if Indians have agreed among themselves as to its form." But as the Indians feel they do not agree because of their distrust of British promises and tactics, Mr. Phillips says that his plan "provides the guarantee required by the Indians and is in line with the British declared intentions." The plan, however, cannot wholly succeed so long as the Congress leaders are in jail. It is, therefore, upto the public to agitate vigorously for their release.

The New Franco

Hitler and Nazism, Mussolini and Fascism are doomed irrevocably. General Franco, who was made and sustained by them, has realised this inevitability. He has, therefore, deserted his patrons and has lately been seeking flatly to disavow the philosophy which he was proud to profess. This is a feat of opportunism which is extremely remarkable if not altogether unique. Some days ago he actually protested that there was nothing common between his regime and Fascism but that Spain was really a democracy but after her own characteristic traditions and genius. Recently he has followed this statement with a message of congratulations to President Roosevelt on the latter's re-election. All this he is doing, quite obviously, as a measure of self-preservation encouraged presumably by Mr. Churchill's "kindly words."

But public opinion in Britain and America is very definitely against any "kindly" attitude towards General Franco. This is true of other members of the United Nations, too. Moreover, neither Roosevelt nor Churchill can afford to annoy Russia which has, quite justifiably, proclaimed her hostility to the Franco regime. Such being the situation and General Franco being fully aware of it, it is not quite unlikely that the Caudillo is trying to contact leading Spanish Republicans in France to arrive at some sort of compromise. But no compromise is possible on the basis of Franco or his regime existing in any shape, form or guise. There will be civil war unless Franco agrees to go quietly and completely. If he does, the plan formulated by the Spanish Republicans is a wise and effective method of restoring democracy and true Republicanism without bloodshed or trouble of which Spain has had a bit too much.

Frankly Speaking

The Hitler Mystery

Herr Hitler has spoken after a long period of silence. But there arises immediately the question: Has he spoken? A proclamation has been issued on his behalf and was read by Himmler. Hitler, or rather his proclamation, says that he has not appeared before his people or spoken to them for so long because the demands of total war and work in connection with measures to carry on the fight keep him to his headquarters. But he could have arranged to broadcast his proclamation from his desk, a matter of only a few minutes. Where is Hitler and what is he doing? These questions now dominate all reactions to his proclamation, and to the speeches of Doctor Goebbels and Herr Himmler. But there are to be celebrations on the 16th instant. Let us wait and see whether he appears or speaks then.

Nazi Desperation

Meanwhile, the pronouncements of the Nazi Triumvirate, Hitler, Goebbels and Himmler—by the way, another very curious thing about recent developments in Germany is that Reich Marshal Goering has been no where in evidence, visually or vocally—all underline one fact, namely, Nazi desperation. The Nazis have realised that defeat has virtually overtaken them. They are planning desperately to fight to the last German in order to postpone as long as they can the day of their own destruction but in the wild hope also that their bitter resistance may induce the Allies to grant them some sort of negotiated peace and to help them escape the consequences of their own aggression and misdeeds. This is evident from the pathetically obvious attempt which Hitler's proclamation and Goebbels' make to create a conflict between the western democracies and Soviet Russia. There is an effort at officious solicitude for the future of the western democracies in view of the horrible danger of Bolshevism. It is rather amusing, but it is pitifully silly, too. But what else can be expected of any set of desperate people when defeat and disaster stare them in the face? That is the main point, Nazi leaders see that their end is very near.

A Lesson in Imperialism

It has been reported that schoolboys in England are urged to consider the army as a career, especially in India, "where but for the presence of the British army in peace time, a clash of numerous religions in India would lead to instability and suffering to native masses." Commenting on this, the "New Leader" of London writes: "The obvious implication is that the British Army will be in India for a long time. These talks represent the real outlook of the British ruling class and show again that India will only gain her freedom as a result of her own independent efforts." Indians have no longer any illusions about Britain granting freedom to India willingly. But they still hope that a fair number of people in Britain will be bold enough to denounce British imperialism in India. We, therefore, welcome the "New Leader's" remark: "As a people of the oppressing power, we have a responsibility to help in every way possible. The immediate job is to secure the release of all imprisoned Indian leaders and make it clear to Whitehall that the British people refuse to be associated with the crimes of their rulers in India."

"Substitute Food"

Owing to extreme scarcity of rice in Travancore, some "substitute foods" are sold in several parts of the State. We have received a sample of one such substitute from the Servindia Travancore and Cochin Relief Centre. It is not a substitute grain but seems to be coconut cake, old and rancid. It may be perhaps tolerated by cattle but is unfit for human consumption. It may be tolerated by those who have starved for several days. But we fear it will do them more harm than good. The Secretary of the Relief Centre says that Pandit Kunzru saw personally these substitute foods and adds: "What we are grieved about is not merely the use of these foods but their low quality mixed with sand and also their high price."

Travancore's Lead

Sir C. P. Ramaswami Iyer, Dewan of Travancore, has announced the abolition by that State of capital punishment. The punishment is to be abolished only for offences relating to person, as distinct for offences against the State. The reservation seems to be meaningless and unnecessary. For if the deliberate taking away of human life is wrong, there can be no justification for retaining capital punishment for offences against the State. We trust the Travancore Government will revise its attitude. At all events, the Travancore State has given a splendid lead which, we trust, will be followed not only by other States but also by the Government.

POINTED PARAGRAPHS

A slender income is said to be an excellent remedy for obesity.

* * *

Truth isn't stranger than the twentieth-century brand of fiction.

* * *

Good nature is a glowworm that sheds light in the darkest places.

* * *

Somehow the homely girl always has fewer enemies than the pretty girl.

* * *

In order to join the great silent majority a man must either die or get married.

* * *

There is something wrong when a lawyer advises you to avoid litigation or a doctor drinks to your good health.

"Gandhiji" Incomplete

Art is an expression of life—it is an expression of the artist's state of mind inseparably bound up with his life and environment. Just as art represents the country that produces it, it is also representative of its period of production.

Contemporary art produced during the last few years is characterised by an extraordinary interest in the realities of life in our land. The striking antithesis between right and wrong, between helplessness and brutality, between hope and cynicism, very well brought out by the artists in their works shown at some exhibitions, remains stamped in my mind. I understand that a majority of these "Mirrors of Life" being rejected by the Selection Committee were returned to their respective studios—and the few that were exhibited were perhaps accepted on sufference.

The publication of the "Gandhiji" volume was a fine opportunity to bring to light these "mirrors of life". This was an occasion to create a memorable record, depicting in pictures, the life and sufferings of the Indian people in their struggle for freedom. Gandhiji's life has been one of suffering and sacrifice and the volume dedicated to him is incomplete without these masterpieces of art of great political, social and economic significance. The publishers of "Gandhiji" have obviously failed to realize to what extent they would have contributed to the national cause and at the same time enhanced the value of the publication by enlisting the support of the artists. Mr. Vyas has justly criticised the publishers and I suggest that they should take the criticism in the best of spirit and consider getting up a supplement to the volume and include a number of selected "mirrors of life" in the new publication.

V. R. RAO.

Interpellations On Sale Of Gold

India Govt. In Dark About Ar angement Between H. M. G. And S. Africa

NEW DELHI, Nov. 13.

The sale of gold in India was again the subject of questions in the Assembly to-day. In reply to Mr. K. S. Gupta, the Finance Member Sir Jeremy Raisman stated that the Government of India were not aware of the origin of this gold and could not say what quantity of the gold sold in India on behalf of the U. K. and the U.S.A. came from South Africa.

Prof. Ranga asked whether in view of the likelihood of a fall in the price of gold after the war, Government would stop the sale of gold to private persons in India and thus prevent them from losing. The Finance Member observed that nobody was compelled to buy gold and buyers of gold were as well aware of the trend of prices as were members of the house. Prof. Ranga asked if it was not a fact that Government in the U. K. did not sell gold to the public. The Finance Member said he had no detailed information about that.

In reply to further questions, the Finance Member said he had seen press reports from South Africa criticising the fixed price paid for gold purchased by the U. K. Government from South Africa as compared with the prices prevailing in India, and claiming that South Africa should get the benent of the higher prices.

The Government of India, he added, were not concerned in the arrangements between the U. K. and South Africa.

Q:—Is it a fact that the British Government agreed to give the Union facilities for snaring in the sale of gold on the Indian market to the extent to which the Union's import requirements justified this?

Ans. the Government of India are not aware of the arrangements between H.M.G. and the South African Government.

Q:—Are the Government of India aware of the feeling in India that it has done nothing so far to safeguard Indian interests and that it is high time Government did something to secure a fair deal for themselves? The Finance Member Answered in the negative.

SALE OF SILVER.

Q:—Is it the intention of the Government of India to make use of silver to serve as an anti-inflationary device? Has that purpose been served? If so, what are the effects on currency and prices in the country?

Ans:—Yes, partly. Sales of silver tend to reduce the volume of currency in circulation and to lower silver prices.

Replying to Mr. K. S. Gupta's question when the Empire Dollar Pool was formed, the Finance Member stated that the arrangement to pool foreign exchange resources of countries of the British Empire in the event of war was made in London in 1939 on a suggestion by H.M.G. and the Bank of England. Under the pooling arrangement, H.M.G. was given control of all foreign exchange resources of the sterling area. Members agreed to introduce parallel systems of exchange control and in return they were entitled to obtain their foreign exchange requirements from the Bank of England.

Mr. Subedar asked if Government were aware there were numerous industrialists in India who were in need of essential parts etc., but whose applications for importing them from U.S.A. had been rejected on the ground of nonavailability of Dollar exchange.

The Finance Member said if these were for purposes which were essential at the present time, he considered that they should be given reasonable priority, but it depended on competing claims.

RATIONING OF DOLLARS.

Mr. Subedar asked if Government were aware of the apprehension that the intention was to discourage people from taking essential requirements from U.S.A. and one of the ways in which they were discouraged was to deny Dollar exchange. The Finance Member replied that was not the correct way of stating the position. Supplies of dollars were inadequate, and therefore had to be rationed; and demands which for this reason could not be spplied from U.S.A. had to be diverted to other sources of supply.

Mr. Manu Subedar asked a number of questions about the Financial Agreement for the apportionment of defence expenditure between the Government of India and H.M.G.

Q:—Are Government aware that a much larger share than India should bear is being thrown on the Indian revenues and the existing burden of defence expenditure is beyond this country's capacity?

Ans:—The answer is this, so far as it is not a request for an expression of opinion, is in the negative.

Q:—In addition to these charges being borne by the Indian revenues, is it not a fact that an enormous amount of materials are purchased at controlled prices for the Government of the U. K. for which the latter does not propose to make immediate or definite and certain items in India, certain other items are purchased by the Government of India on account of H.M.G. at the best prices that can be secured, for the latter class of purchases H.M.G. afford sterling credits to India.

Mr. Subedar asked if Rs. eighty crores had been spent on aerodromes which nobody would use and nobody had used. The Finance Member said he was not aware of aerodromes which nobody could use and nobody had used.

U. K. C. C. ACTIVITIES.

Mr. Manu Subedar asked if the U.K.C.C. was making very large profits by sale to India and by purchase from India and sale in other markets.

The Finance Member: No. The Government of India understand that this is not true of the Corporation's activities as a whole.

Q:—Is it a fact that they have refused to disclose their operations to the Government of India from time to time?

Ans. No. The transactions of the U.K.C.C. are reported to the Government of India every month.

Q:—Since when has the U.K.C.C. operated in India and on such operations what attempt has the Finance Department made to recover incom-tax on their profits?

Ans:—The U.K.C.C. has been operating in India since 1941. As regards the latter part of the question, the Income-tax Department have, as in other cases, started assessment proceedings.

Q:—Why has the Finance Department been slack in the matter of recovering income-tax from the U.K.C.C?

Ans:—There has been no slackness. Time has had to be allowed for the preparation of detailed figures.

The Government of India, said the Finance Member, in reply to Sir A. H. Ghaznavi, had agreed to enter into a mutual aid agreement with Canada which it was believed had by now been actually signed. He was seeking confirmation of this, and would on receiving confirmation, lay a copy of the agreement on the table. Capital goods such as locomotives and wagons would not be provided under the agreement and the position in respect of them would therefore not be affected by the agreement.—A. P.

Move In "Elders" For State-Ownership Of Industries

Pt. Kunzru's Motion For Appointment Of Commission Rejected On Dalal's Explanation Of Govt. Plans

NEW DELHI, Nov. 13.

The Council of State rejected today by 24 votes to 14 Pandit H. N. Kunzru's resolution recommending to the Governor-General-in-Council to appoint an industrial Commission with a non-official Indian Chairman and a majority of non-official members to review the existing industrial situation, to recommend measures for the full and rapid industrialisation of the country with the object of raising the general standard of living of the masses and to indicate the lines along which state-ownership and control of industry should be extended. The resolution had been moved by Pandit Kunzru during the last Budget Session of the Council.

AMENDMENT

Mr. Hossain Imam today moved an amendment that the proposed Commission should devise a scheme for the immediate nationalisation of all key industries in British India but later withdrew his amendment.

Sir A. P. Patro said that the present industrial position should be reviewed and adequate steps taken for its further improvement.

Mr. M. N. Dalal said that the industrial expansion in India did not favourably compare with the progress made in the United States, United Kingdom, Australia and other Empire countries during the war.

ONLY RESPONSIBLE GOVT. CAN DO IT

Mr. P. N. Sapru said that Planning required much control and regimentation of life and only a government which had its root in this country and responsible to the people of this country would be able to carry out. On ideological grounds he favoured state control and state ownership of industries.

Mr. K. V. Kalikkar said that if Sir A. R. Dalal, Member, Planning and Development, was "free from interference from Whitehall" he would help in the establishment of basic industries. He supported the resolution.

CONSULT ALL INTERESTS

Sir K. Ramunni Menon said that the question should be decided after consulting all the interests concerned, the consuming public, the industrialists and the legislature.

Mr. Hossain Imam said that he was not specifying what industries should be nationalised but left it to the proposed commission to decide.

Urging state-ownership of industries Mr. Hossain Imam said that the Railways, Posts and Telegraphs which were owned and managed by the State had substantially helped the State by contributing over 66 crores of rupees while the Corporation Tax and E. P. T. of privately managed industries in the country had not totalled 50 crores for the year 1943. Under the present order there was no equitable distribution of the nation's wealth.

Raja Bahadur Govindlal S. Motilal said that soon after the last war an industrial commission was appointed but by the time the commission reported other countries were well on the way of industrialisation. Not only for the good of the people but for the government also, Mr. Govindlal said, India should be industrialised.

DALAL'S ASSURANCE

Sir Ardeshir Dalal, Member, Planning and Development, reiterating Government's intention to foster industrees to the largest extent possible said that there was no question of Government not being in sympathy with the resolution. While he shared general disappointment that the industrial progress of India had not been on the same scale as that of Canada, Australia and other countries during the war, he must point out that substantial progress had been made during the war. Government, he said, were in fullest accord with the demand that measures should be taken for the complete industrialisation of the country, as to the part which the State should play in the control of industries, it was an important subject and was engaging the serious attention of the Government.

In regard to protection of industries Sir Ardeshir Dalal referred to his previous statement made on the subject in the General Policy Committee recently that it was Government's intention to liberalise protection and in order to avoid delay to set up a Permanent Tariff Board.

WHY INDUSTRIAL COMMISSION?

Opposing the Industrial Commission proposed in the resolution, Sir Ardeshir said that Government had neither the personnel just now for the commission nor could they wait for a long period for the Commission's report, which on the last occasion, it took two years to report. What was at present wanted was quick and practical recommendations. Government, Sir Ardeshir pointed out, had already appointed the necessary committees and the various provincial governments have been asked to set up reconstruction committees. Government have also set up over 20 panels for the respective industries. Government's method was more effective and expeditious and he urged Pandit Kunzru to withdraw his resolution.

PT. KUNZRU'S REPLY

Pandit H. N. Kunzru replying to the debate said that his object in moving the resolution was to accelerate the pace of industrialisation and to ensure sufficient publicity to the steps taken by the Government in this regard. He was sure that Sir Ardeshir Dalal would do his very best to press the Government to industrialise the country and thus raise the standard of living of the people.

The resolution was put to vote and was declared lost, 24 voting against and 12 voting for.

The Council adjourned till Tuesday morning.—A. P.

U. S. SUBSIDY FOR COTTON EXPORTS

Indian Delegation To Demand Clarification & Accounting Of Dollar Pool

NEW YORK, Nov. 12: The spokesman for the Indian Delegation to the International Business Conference today (Sunday), asserted in an interview that it would press for a declaration by Great Britain on the extent of its Dollar holdings. "Indian businessmen see no justification for the continuance of the Empire Dollar Pool" he declared, adding that the Delegation holds that an accounting would clear the situation both for countries of the British empire and the United States. "It was only last March that we were allowed 20 per cent. of our surplus exchange to be used for imports from the United States" stated the Spokesman.

"This does not mean such exchange has become immediately available to us—it is only earmarked for possible future use. We were told there was more urgent use for these Dollars in the war effort, but nevertheless, we were not given an accounting for the surpluses which are being built by Indian trade."

The Delegation has asked that at the Raw Materials and Food-stuffs Section of the Conference a clearer picture be presented of the United States policy of cotton export subsidies. The Delegation spokesman said "The United States is trying to fix a cotton price parity of 92.5 per cent. of the pre-war price level. This price is entirely out of harmony with the world price at which the United States is going to sell. Indian businessmen are anxious to find out whether American businessmen will support the United States policy of subsidies for exports, while calling for the abolition of similar subsidies granted by other nations. The solution of this problem rests with the United States taking one of two alternatives—either bringing the world price of cotton up or depressing its domestic price."—Reuter.

HOW TO AVERT GANDHIJI'S FAST

(BY A SOCIALIST.)

The possibility of Gandhiji embarking on another fast has cast gloom all round. The anxious horizon is, however, relieved by an arch of hope. "The way to avoid the fast", Gandhiji is reported to have said "is in the people's hand." The fast is thus a summons to us for action. It is only if WE fail that Gandhiji would have to invite the supreme suffering.

Congressmen are determined to spare the great leader a fresh spell of the fiery ordeal. They urge him not to carry the cross. His fasting would overwhelm the people with anxiety and almost paralyse them. It is, therefore, fortunate that he has put the means of averting the fast in our hands. Honest and wholehearted implementing of the constructive programme would act as a balm to Gandhiji's lacerated heart. He has recently re-sketched the programme and has invited the entire country to work for its realisation. In the context of non-violence every Indian must hew a stone for the temple of freedom we are erecting. The urge for freedom is to-day keener, more insistent than ever before—its latent and vagrant forces must be given proper channels of expression. That is the purpose of the constructive programme.

All over the country Congressmen, through various conferences, have been expressing their resolve to devote their energies to the implementing of the constructive programme. Will the resolve, by itself, avert the fast? Gandhiji is anxious to evoke response not only from seasoned Congress workers, but from millions of our countrymen. And it is the task of Congressmen to create conditions wherein every Little Man will shake off fear and apathy and bestir himself to rebuild our national strength.

* * *

Gandhiji's fast must spur us into action. The fast will come only if we are found wanting. Gandhiji must tell us what response from us will persuade him to abandon the fast. A National Target, as we had in the Kasturba Fund, would help Congressmen to put their best efforts, and what is more important would evoke spontaneous response from the people. There are several advantages in having a target. The constructive programme embraces various activities. It would be useful to know what importance is to be attached in the circumstances of to-day to each of them. Only by disciplining the notes of music can melody be produced. Without a plan, a target, there is the danger of popular energies going waste. We are, for instance, called upon to work for communal harmony. Unless concrete shape is given to the suggestion it is likely to remain a pious wish. On the other hand, if the people, for example, are told that in the coming twelve months the nation must produce and take off Khaddar worth a crore of rupees, it will know how to go about the work. For every item of the constructive programme there can be a National Target. We can decide to spread literacy or knowledge of Hindustani among, say, a million persons. We should know the scale of urgency of the different items of the programme, if we are to achieve optimum results.

The Congress is anxious to organise workers, students, kisans, etc. Congressmen are taking up the work in right earnest. If there is a target, say, a hundred thousand students are to be brought within the student organisation, not only Congressmen and student-workers, but every student will feel a sense of responsibility. Every student, every worker, every shop-assistant, will realize that by joining the organisations sponsored by Congress workers, he is furthering the national cause and helping to avert the fast. Every housewife will know that the Khadi she buys is helping the country to reach the target and thereby express in concrete shape our abiding affection for and allegiance to Gandhiji. To fix a target is to tune the strings of the Nation's Harp.

* * *

The success of the Kasturba National Memorial Fund has demonstrated the value of a target in national efforts. It has also shown the advantages of splitting up a National Target into provincial, district, and taluka objectives. Such local targets generate healthy competition and foster the spirit of initiative in the lower units of the Congress organisation. If the target in the student-world is to bring a hundred thousand students into the student organisation, Maharashtra would be called upon to have, say, 5,000 members. Every district would know its target and would be anxious to over-reach it. The student-organisation can be linked up with Seva-Dal or Khadi work. Flying of targets will further the tendency of decentralisation in Congress-work without loosening its organisational fabric—and that is what Gandhiji wants.

Bombay City, for instance, can have a comprehensive plan. Before the next National Week, 10 per cent of the industrial workers, 20 per cent. of the "gumasthas", 30 per cent of the students should be within the Congress sponsored organisations. Such a target will not only galvanise the Congress into action but evoke a sense of responsibility in every worker, gumasta and student. It will infact the whole city with a sense of urgency.

* * *

The constructive programme, as it stands to-day, can be divided into two parts:

(1) ameliorative

(2) organisational.

Each needs a different type of ability: Harijan work, for instance, demands a keen sense of social service, while the formation of a labour union demands high organisational ability. It would be advisable if different groups and individuals in the Congress, instead of frittering their energies by seeking to do too many things, would select, according to each one's talents and temperament, some specific activities. The setting up of targets will help us in distributing our available resources in different fields of activities in a manner that will yield optimum results. Targets will enable people to choose their sphere of work also.

Conferences of Congressmen, therefore, should not stop with affirming faith in the constructive programme. In forging the determination to implement the programme a co-ordinated plan with targets of achievements will be very valuable. Popular imagination will be touched and people's enthusiasm will be roused—and then no target will be too high for the Congress. Let every one know in a concrete way what is expected of him, let a summons reach every worker to join his union, every student to join his organisation, and let him feel that only by his fulfilling his task can he hope to avert Gandhiji's fast. There will then be a volume of response commensurate with the agonising urgency in Gandhiji's heart.

The fixing of a National Target will not only act as a spur for Congressmen but will bring to them willing response from the people whom they seek to organise and serve. The target will provide Gandhiji with a yard-stick to measure our earnestness and the preparedness of the Nation for the final round of the struggle for freedom. It will also enthuse every Indian to bring his flower of service for the garland of victory.

TÊTE-A-TÊTE

WITHOUT COMMENT.

Dr. Moonje said that the proposed codification would do more harm than good to the Hindu community as a whole. Speaking about the Bill on marriage, Dr. Moonje said, Hindus generally did not contract more than one marriage but if any Hindu did marry more than once it was for some special reason and not simply for the sake of polygamy. The restriction on marriage would result in reducing the Hindus to a minority community in India.

—Report of Anti-Hindu Code Conference at Benares.

* * *

In a message on the occasion of Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru's birthday, Mahatma Gandhi describes Jawaharlal as "a jewel among man."

Perhaps that is why he is kept and carefully guarded in a sort of Indian Tower of London.

The issue raised by Gandhiji in his third sentence, therefore, does not arise.

* * *

In a statement to the press Dr. B. C. Roy says that at a moderate estimate at least one million people are suffering from malaria in the eastern part of Calcutta.

So what?

* * *

FRANCO CLIMBING DOWN.

—Headline.

Quite a welcome move, but provided it means the Caudillo has decided—you are right, yes to quit Spain.

* * *

Mr. Churchill at the Paris Town Hall: "I must give you this warning that I am going to speak in French and this way put some strain on your feelings for Anglo-French friendship."

It must have done that. But Parisians, there can be no doubt, easily survived the strain having endured during four years infinitely worse horrors than the torture of French words by Mr. Churchill.

* * *

In his speech at Berlin, Goebbels complained that "almost the whole world was conspiring to wipe the Reich off the map...."

This is merely the eventual development of the Reich conspiring to wipe the map of almost the whole world.

* * *

The German News Agency reports that at an oath-taking ceremony all over Germany, "Dr. Goebbels took a parade at Berlin, while Himmler appeared in Munich and the Chief of Staff of the S. A., Schepman, was at Danzig."

It is suggested that Herr Hitler was performing in another lunatic asylum.

* * *

According to a Tokio Radio report, American warships have bombarded the Owojima island 750 miles south of Tokio following a daylight assault from the air.

And now for the third arm of the fighting forces. Amen.

* * *

He was a perfect little fiend for asking questions. One evening as his father sat down for a quiet reading a small voice piped:

"Daddy, am I made of dust?"

"I shouldn't think so" said the father, "otherwise you'd dry up now and then."

CONGRESS AND DISCIPLINARY ACTION

Mr. S. K. Patil, General Secretary of the B.P.C.C. writes:

I have been asked by Congress friends to explain the position of the "disciplinary action" resolution of the Bombay Conference vis-a-vis Gandhiji's reported opinion that "so far as he knows, no one who signs the Congress creed and pays four annas can be prevented from becoming a member of the Congress." I will at once say that Gandhiji's view represents the correct constitutional position, but at the same time it will be realized that the resolution of the Bombay Conference recommending disciplinary action against dissident members is not, in the slightest degree opposed to that view.

The Conference has suggested no restrictions on the right of Communists to enlist themselves as the primary members of the Indian National Congress. They are free to enrol themselves as four-anna members and they are aware of it. What the resolution asks for is the disciplinary action against those members of the Communist Party who hold elective posts in the Congress Committees and who have acted and carried on propaganda against the A.I.C.C. resolution of Aug. 8, 1942.

This form of disciplinary action is strictly in accordance with the rules made by the Working Committee of the Indian National Congress and has had to be resorted to more than once. No fighting organisation such as the Congress is, can hope to do anything if its elected representatives are allowed the licence to flout its deliberate and final decisions in action.

PATIL REFUTES "BRUTAL ALLEGATION"

Mr. S. K. Patil, Convener of the prominent Congressmen's informal Conference which recently held its session in Bombay, writes:

My attention has been drawn to a press interview in a local daily of Mr. P. C. Joshi, General Secretary of the Communist Party of India, on Gandhiji's contemplated fast. There is a statement there which must not go unchallenged in the public interest. Mr. Joshi has appealed to Gandhiji "to get the inside story of Congressmen's Conferences where Mr. Jinnah has been denounced as a British agent and plans made to smash or by-pass the League."

I do not know what Conferences of Congressmen Mr. Joshi has on his mind but if his allegation has any reference to the Conference which was held in the city of Bombay on the 28th and 29th of Oct. 1944, I must repudiate the allegation emphatically and unequivocally. Not a word of this brutal allegation is true so far as this Conference is concerned. The other Conferences will speak for themselves.

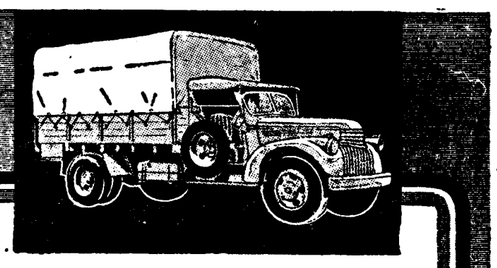
Retail Price

BARNEY'S "IDEAL" 2 oz Rs. 1-14 per tin
CRAVEN MIXTURE 2 oz Rs. 1-12 per tin

PLUS TAX WHERE LOCAL OR PROVINCIAL TAXATION IS IN FORCE.

DO NOT PAY MORE

CB-2



Thousands of Chevrolet trucks, with various Military-type bodies built by General Motors India Limited, are now serving the Armed Forces with the same rugged stamina and dependability which have always characterized their performance in commercial transport.

The same sturdy Chevrolet trucks, in 160" wheelbase, either as chassis only or with 3-ton load body, are available at Government-controlled prices for essential civil requirements.

These trucks will be delivered through gazetted Chevrolet dealers to purchasers approved as essential users by the Motor Transport Controller of your Province or State, to whom you should address your requirements.

Due to the heavy demands on petrol for military vehicles, special consideration is given to purchasers willing to install Producer gas plants approved by Government.

CHEVROLET TRUCKS

GENERAL MOTORS INDIA LIMITED

Share Bazar Rules Steady

Gold And Silver Maintain Firm Tone

BOMBAY, November 13.

The Share Bazar ruled very steady and met some profit taking at the rise, which was well absorbed and closing tone was very steady.

Bullion market was again firm with active demand for cash Gold and Silver. Cotton price movement was confined was comparatively quiet and to narrow range.

The local Share Bazar was again steady today with some speculative support in popular Shares while moderate investment demand continues in other sections. Restoration of confidence is now having slow but steady influence over Government Securities as well as Municipal Port Trust Bonds but scarcity of offerings is more noticeable and quotations are well maintained. Industrial Shares are also very steady. Cotton Textile Shares are recovering lost ground while some speculative support is not lacking in Tata Steel Shares.

Tata Steel Dfd Shares opened today at Rs. 2102 and advanced to Rs. 2115, but later steadied at Rs. 2107 Ordinary Shares were firm and after opening at Rs. 386 improved to Rs. 389 Bombay Dyeing Shares opened at Rs. 1780 and hardened to Rs. 1785, Kohinoor Mill Shares opened at Rs. 590 and after improving to Rs. 595 steadied at Rs. 592, Tata Mill Shares were placed at Rs. 71 and Associated Cement Shares were quoted at Rs. 242.

GOLD & SILVER

Daily Bank Sales Too Small To Satisfy Demand

The Reserve Bank of India today sold 75,000 tolas Gold at Rs. 62/11 and 300 Silver bars at Rs. 113/11. These daily sales prove to be too small to satisfy the growing demand particularly from Punjab and Calcutta. These upcountry buyers do not hesitate paying higher Bazar prices and are anxious to secure supplies. It remains to be seen how long the present demand continues but it appears that there is more disposition to replace holdings which the country parted during the last world depression. More over note circulation keeps on increasing which in turn is increasing the purchasing power.

In the local market gold for forward delivery after advancing to Rs. 63/8 steadied at Rs. 63/4 while ready gold was quoted at Rs. 63/12. Forward was quoted at Rs. 114 and ready business was done at Rs. 115/8.

The market ruled steady and closing quotations were as under:—

SILVER			
Ready	115	4	0
Current Settlement	114	8	0
Next Settlement	113	4	0
GOLD			
Ready	63	14	0
Current Settlement	63	9	0
Next Settlement	62	8	0
Sovereigns	44	12	0

HIGH AND LOW COTTON PRICES
BOMBAY, Nov. 11.

	High	Low	Close
I.C.C. March	414	411/8	412
I.C.C. May	417/8	414/8	415

Karachi March 41/12/3 41/7/3 41/8/9

INDIAN STOCK EXCHANGE
BOMBAY, Nov. 13.

Tata Ordinary 388 Tata Deferred 2107/8 Indian Iron 38/1 Steel Corpn of Bengal 31/12 Bombay Dyeing 1785 Central India 399/6 Century 855 Gokak 316/14 Kohinoor 594/6 Simplex 260 Andhra Valley 1825 Tata Hydro 205/15 Tata Power 1940 Associated Cement 242/8 Belapur 241/14 Bombay Burma (Old) 490

RECORD OF ACTUAL TRANSACTIONS IN SHARES

MILLS:
BOMBAY, Nov. 13.

Apollo 4/4/6 4/5 4/3/9
Bharat 66/8 67/8 66/12
B. Dyeing 1780 75 88/12 85 88/12 82/8 87/8 82/8 86/4
Central India (Ord) 393/8 93 400 397/8 99 97/8 400
Central India (Pref.) 727/8
Colaba 223 22 24/8 23 23/8
Edward 758/12 68/12 65 77/8
Elphinstone (Ord) 87 92 89/8 91
Elphinstone (Pref) 124/6 23/12 25 24/8
Finlay 309 8 11/8 9/8 11/8 10 11/8 11
Gokak 317 16 18 16 18
India United (Defd) 3/3/6 3/3 3/3/6 3/3 3/3/3
India United (Ord) 15/3 15/6 15/4 15/5 15/4/6 15/5
Indore 771/4 72/8 71/4 76/4 70 73/12 70 80 73/12 82/8
Khatau 345 44/6 46/4
Kohinoor 592 93 92 96 94 95 92 94 92 94
Luxmi 1352/8
Madhusudan 445
Meyer 218/12 17/8 19/6 16/14 18/12
Morarjee 647/8 51/4
New City 397/8
New Great 409 8 12 9 10 8 10
Podar 367/8
Sassoon Cotton 23/12 24
Shrinivas 345
Simplex 259 59/8 59 61 58/8 59/8 58 59
Swadeshi 530 28 34 32 35 33 37
Swan 324 23/8 26 25 25/8
Tata Mills 71 71/12 70/12 71/12 71/4 71/12
Vishnu 477/8 80 77/8 82/8
Dawn 1120 40
Hindustan 3785
Luxmi (Pref) 305
New Union 26/8

BANKS:
Baroda 139 40
Central 85/8 86 85/4
Imperial (Old) 2020 15
Imperial (New) 510
India 193 93/8 92 93
Reserve 135/8 36 35/8
Union 9/12
United Commercial 87

ELECTRIC COS:
Ahmedabad 220 18/12
Andhra Valley 1830 32/8
Tram (Ord) 149/8 50/4 49/8 49/12
Tram (Pref) 72
Surat 218/12
Hydro 206 8 7
Tata Power (Ord) 1940 27/8 35

INSURANCE COS:
British India 20/12 20/14
Empire 1065 40 45
Indian Mercantile 70/8 70
Jupiter 33/8
New India 81/8 84/4 83/8
Oriental 6250 40
Vulcan 19 18/12 19 18/8
Bombay Steamer 575 76/4 70 75
Scindia 32/8 32/6 32/13 32/4
Tata Steel (Defd) 2105 2100 2115 10 15 5 10 3/12 7/8
Tata Steel (Ord) 387 87/8 86/8 89/8 88 89/8 87/8 88/8
Tata Steel (2nd Pref) 163/4 62/12 63

MISCELLANEOUS COS:
Alcock 457/8 58/12
A. Cement 243 41 42/8 41/8 42 41/8
Belapur 241 42 40/8 41/8
Burmah (Old) 487/8 90 85 87/8
Burmah (New) 178/12
B. B. Petrol 4/0/3 3/15/9
Dharamsi Chemical 55 58
Indian Bleaching 187
I. I. Trust 124
Port Canning 110 (10-11-44)
P. Construction (Ord) 213/12 17 16 15
P. Construction (2nd Pref) 139
Shivrajpur 60/8 61/8 61
Tata Chemical (Ord) 20/7 21/4 20/13 21
Tata Oil (Ord) 81 79

FREE DIARY CALENDAR 1945

In order to popularise our Metro New Gold ornaments we have decided to give one Diary Calendar for the year 1945 free. Write today for Samples of ornaments and Diary Calendars.

CRYSTAL COMMERCIAL CO.,
K. C., Amritsar.

Don't Cough
IF YOU DO
Remember
GRIMAULT'S
SYRUP

Bombay Cotton

The cotton market was quiet today with scattered realising and turnover was limited. The market opened at Rs. 411 for March delivery and declined to Rs. 409/4 under profit taking but later steadied at Rs. 409/8. May delivery was quoted at Rs. 413. The market position is highly manipulated and is full of possibilities.

Later on there was slightly improved buying and March improved to Rs. 410 and May was quoted Rs. 414/8.

Under moderate buying March improved to Rs. 411 when the rise was checked by realising. The market will officially remain entirely closed tomorrow being Jawahir Birthday. Final closing quotations were as under:—

I.C.C. March	410	12	0
I.C.C. May	414	12	0

COTTON PARITY

Indian Cotton March Contract is 604 cent points under New York March.

Jivraj Mehta's Lead To Newly Formed Association

MADRAS, Nov. 13.

Dr. Vivaraj N. Mehta has been elected president of the governing body of the newly formed Association of Physicians of India. Lt.-Col. K. N. Wagherey and Dr. M. R. Guruswami Mudaliar have been elected vice-presidents, and Dr. A Srinivasan and Dr. B. B. Yodh, honorary secretaries.

To a suggestion that the Association should dissociate itself from politics, Dr. Jivaraj Mehta said that in this country, so long as they did not achieve independence every action of theirs would have a tinge of politics in it. It was true that they should not take part in active or actual politics as an association. It might be that when they were discussing scientific problems they need not discuss politics, but when they discussed questions like nutrition or faults and omissions of the Government or other agencies, it was not possible to avoid politics.

Dr. Mehta left for Wardha to-day.—A. P.

U. S. SENATE COMMITTEE WARNS NAZIS

WASHINGTON, Nov. 12.

Complete destruction of German industrial leadership and the abolition of international cartels are the two main points in a long report by the United States Senate Military Sub-Committee issued to-day.

The report declares that the Germans are already deploying economic reserves throughout the world in preparation for a third attempt at world domination. The report adds, "The Sub-Committee believes that the outlawing of the international cartel system is a necessary first step to clear the way for a new expansionist era in foreign economic relations.

"The industrial monopolists of Germany have worked long and ardently for Pan-Germanism, they willingly joined partnership with Hitler to achieve their ends. To crush German imperialism permanently, and thus permit a peaceful and democratic Germany to arise, the structure and control of German industry must be so altered that it cannot serve again the purposes of war. Monopolies and cartels which are the artery of supply in the Nazi system must be broken up within Germany.

Punishment of the 10,000 of leading imperialist minded German industrialists will be more effective than punishment of a million Nazi underlings who carried out the orders of the conspirators.

A real disarmament programme for Germany requires not only the dismantling of all direct munitions industries, but also the dismantling and removal to the devastated areas of Europe of the primary indirect munitions industries, including metallurgical and chemical industries.

The report then discusses alternatives to the cartel system and recommends that international economic co-operation devised in wartime should be continued in a similar form in peace. It strongly urges that patent laws should be revised to prevent restriction in the production of new discoveries. Confiscated enemy property in the United States should be sold to help pay Allied war costs, the report concludes.—Reuter.

Kher Appeals To Workers To Accept Constructive Programme

(From Our Correspondent)
THANA, Nov. 13

"Our problem is to secure and bring together a band of earnest and devoted workers, and through them to attempt a radical transformation of the human personality." In these words Mr. B. G. Kher, ex-Premier of Bombay summed up his very short but earnest talk to the Congress Workers at Thana.

Mr. Kher visited Thana to preside over the inaugural function of the Diamond Jubilee celebrations of the Thana Debating Union. The function was well attended. Mr. Kher dwelt on the essential characteristics that distinguished a real orator, and gave some examples from English public life.

Meeting the Congress workers in Thana he explained to them the technique of the Constructive Programme which Mahatma Gandhi is putting before Congressmen at present. He was convinced, he said, that Gandhiji had not budged even an inch from the position he had taken two years before; on the contrary, it must be clear to an intelligent and keen observer that he had advanced a step further.

The Constructive Programme, he pointed, was to be accepted by the workers as a means to enter deep into the life of the masses.

Franco Climbs Down

LONDON, Nov. 13

Reports reaching here from Paris indicate that Senor Miguel Maura, one of the leading Spanish Republicans in France, may shortly have an interview with a special envoy from General Franco on the question of the future Government of Spain.

It is reported that Spanish Republicans in France have demanded that Franco should hand over power to the Military Government until the Republic can be restored.

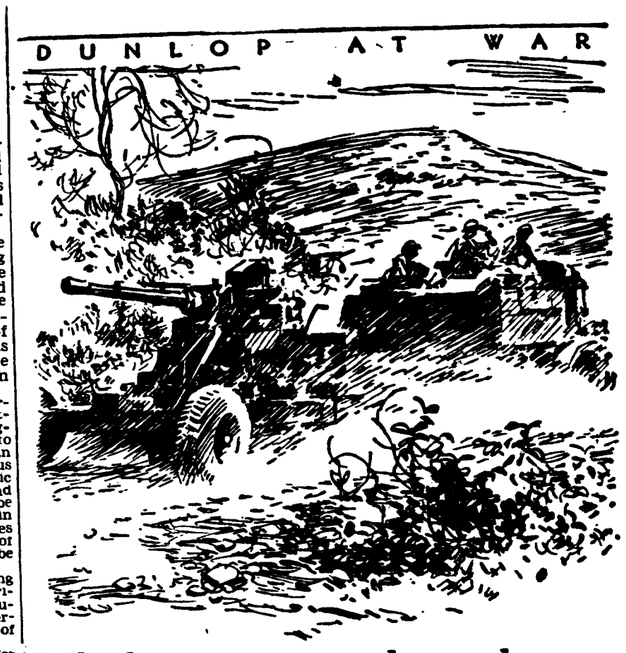
Reuter's Special Correspondent in Paris reported earlier that Senor Maura, the Spanish Minister of Interior in 1931, had engaged in talks with a view to persuading Franco to resign.

The proposal was reported to be that Senor Maura should replace Franco at the head of a moderate Government composed of elements that had not taken active part in the civil war, whose object would be to prepare the way for a return to Republican Government, headed by Senor Martinez Barrios, former President of the Cortes who is now in Mexico.

The Spanish deputies are reported to have unanimously agreed to recognise Senor Barrios as President of the Republic.—Reuter.

PUNJAB M. L. A.'S TO GET MORE ALLOWANCE.

LAHORE, Nov. 13: Punjab Assembly members will have their monthly allowance increased with retrospective effect from April last, from Rs. 200 to Rs. 300 on account of "rise in prices and general scarcity". The o cial bill will come up when the Punjab Assembly begins its autumn session from December 4.—A. P.



The best was not good enough . . .

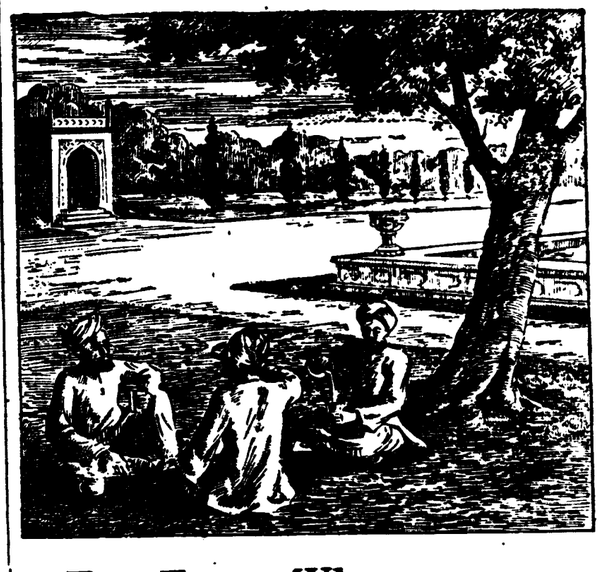
The first practicable pneumatic tyre was produced —by Dunlop—in 1888. It was designed for fitment to a bicycle carrying one man only at low speeds, and its life by modern standards was short indeed. By 1939 the Dunlop giant tyre could be confidently relied upon to carry heavy loads at high speeds for great distances. But fine tyre though this was and well fitted to meet the peace-time needs of industry and commerce yet by 1940 it was not good enough.

The tyres manufactured by Dunlop to-day have been proved, in the hard school of war, to stand up to more than was considered possible 5 years ago. Each DAY the behaviour of tyres at the battle front proves more about tyre construction than could be learnt in a YEAR of peace. The knowledge gained will go to make Dunlop tyres of the post-war years stronger, safer and more economical than ever before.

Dunlop

ALWAYS AT THE FRONT IN WAR AND PEACE

DK 259



Tea Time—Where the Five Rivers flow

On summer evenings, the Punjabi forgets the heat of the day out of doors—sometimes in a public garden. At sunset, hot tea guards against the risk of a chill.

Served from a graceful lota, the tea is already prepared with milk and sugar. The cup is considered puny in a country generous of build and heart. Here brass vessels or glasses are the fashion.

The picturesque dress of men and women and the glory of a Punjabi garden will form an impression of the Land of the Five Rivers which no visitor will easily forget.

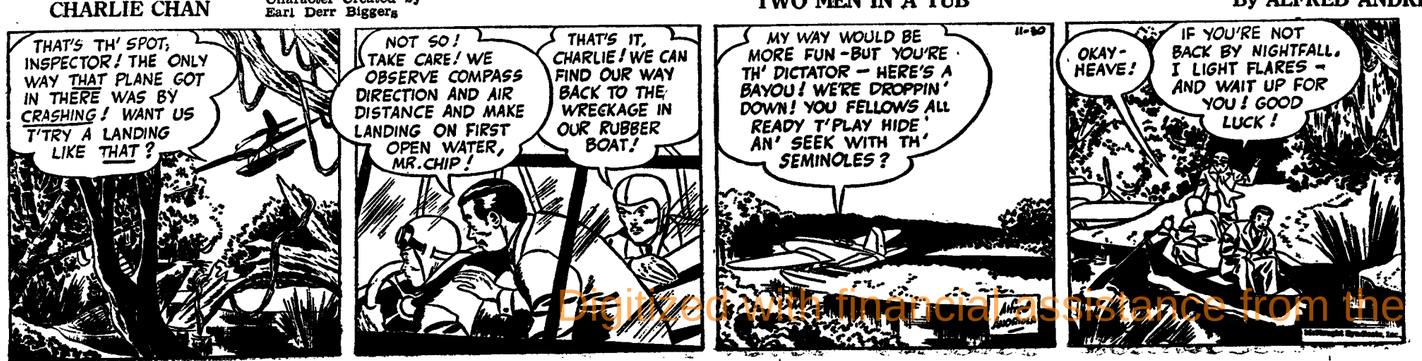
Here as everywhere in India, Brooke Bond fresh teas are greatly in demand.

Brooke Bond

"Two Leaves and a Bud"

CHARLIE CHAN — Character Created by Earl Derr Biggers

TWO MEN IN A TUB — By ALFRED ANDRIOLA


THAT'S TH' SPOT, INSPECTOR! THE ONLY WAY THAT PLANE GOT IN THERE WAS BY CRASHING! WANT US T'TRY A LANDING LIKE THAT?
NOT SO! TAKE CARE! WE OBSERVE COMPASS DIRECTION AND AIR DISTANCE AND MAKE LANDING ON FIRST OPEN WATER, MR. CHIP!
THAT'S IT, CHARLIE! WE CAN FIND OUR WAY BACK TO THE WRECKAGE IN OUR RUBBER BOAT!
MY WAY WOULD BE MORE FUN - BUT YOU'RE TH' DICTATOR — HERE'S A BAYOU! WE'RE DROPPIN' DOWN! YOU FELLOWS ALL READY T'PLAY HIDE AN' SEEK WITH TH' SEMINOLES?
11-30
OKAY - HEAVE!
IF YOU'RE NOT BACK BY NIGHTFALL, I LIGHT FLARES - AND WAIT UP FOR YOU! GOOD LUCK!

Digitized with financial assistance from the Government of Maharashtra on 18 April, 2017

OUR TABULATED ADLETS

2 ANNAS Per WORD

MINIMUM RS. 1|8|-

To be paid in advance.

MATRIMONIAL

Wanted match 20-25 years preferably Muslim for handsome youth financially best settled in life. Please write Box No. 6500 "Bombay Chronicle".

Correspondence invited from decent, cultured young lady with character, seriously desiring settlement to married life on behalf of cultured Brahmin bachelor in Government of India Service, decent income, linguist Maharashtrian, sound health, no prejudice caste, language, province, good references. Give full particulars. No harm. Box No. 6558, "Bombay Chronicle".

SITUATIONS VACANT

Clerks, Matriculate or Undergraduate, having very good handwriting and talent for neatness, precise and strong in Arithmetic. Previous experience not essential. Starting salary Rs. 65. Three-fourths salary for the first three months. Apply in own writing to the 2nd Asst. Secretary, Devkaran Nanjee Banking Co., Ltd., Elphinstone Circle. 974

Wanted influential share brokers on lucrative terms to sell remaining shares of large Card-board and Paper Mills. Apply Box No. 6556, "Bombay Chronicle".

Wanted Gujarati knowing Graduate and undergraduate Teachers of either sex. Apply to the Principal Premier Middle School, Dadar, (B. B.) Ranade Road. 6567

Wanted a B. Com. and Trained or Experienced Teachers strong in English for a High School at Lachhmangarh (Jaipur State). Write stating qualifications, experience and minimum salary acceptable to Box No. 6553, "Bombay Chronicle".

Wanted for a Port in Bombay Presidency (1) Dredging Superintendent with actual experience in dredging as Engineer and administrative capacities in dredging and marine surveying for at least 3 years. (2) Dredging Engineer who must have served on board Bucket and Suction dredgers as junior Engineer for at least 3 years. (3) Superintendent of machineries who must have worked in an administrative capacity in a workshop where all types of repairs and maintenance of dredgers Cranes, Tugs and barges are executed including drydocking of vessels. Over and above these qualifications, only those who hold at least B. O. T. Engineers's Ticket or 1st class Land Engineers proficiency certificate with sound general education and experience in Port Administration and who are willing and hard workers with sound physique should apply before 29th November, 1944 stating age, details of past experience together with copies of testimonials, and minimum salary expected to Box No. 979, "Bombay Chronicle".

SITUATIONS WANTED

Experienced B.Sc. (Di.) P.Ed. (Kandivali) open for engagement from morning till 1 p.m. for well-established Gymnasium Gymkhana or School. Please write Box 6489, "Bombay Chronicle".

Energetic experienced youth wants position as Store-keeper or Godown-keeper. Excellent knowledge in the line. Box No. 6566, "Bombay Chronicle".

FINANCIAL ADLET

Wanted Financier (Rs. 5,000 only) for business house with stocks. Interest not more than 9 per cent, payable monthly with repayment of capital at Rs. 100—per month. Please apply Box No. 612, G. P. O. Bombay. 6565

MISCELLANEOUS ADLET

For Kashmir Novelties Consult Wamdeves Art Emporium, Dalgate Srinagar Kashmir. Arts, Crafts, Shawls, Silks, Tweeds, Fresh and Dried Fruits, Pure Safron, Honey-Jams, Vegetable and Flower Seeds, etc. 6528

MACHINERY WANTED

Wanted immediately, weir feed pump capacity 12,000 gallons per hour, size 12"x16" stroke 24 inches apply to Box No. 6557, "Bombay Chronicle".

PUBLIC NOTICES

THE BOMBAY BURMAH TRADING CORPORATION, LIMITED

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that the Ordinary General Meeting of the Shareholders of the above Corporation will be held at the Registered Office of the Corporation No. 9, Wallace Street, Fort, on Friday, the 8th December 1944, at 4 p.m. (S. T.), for the purpose of transacting the following business:—

I.—To receive and adopt the Directors' Report and the Audited Accounts for the year ended 31st May 1944.

II.—To sanction the declaration of a Dividend.

III.—To confirm the appointment of Mr. W. J. Cullen as a Director.

IV.—To elect a Director in place of Mr. Vithaldas Kanji, who retires by rotation, but who is eligible for re-election.

V.—To appoint Auditors for the current year and to fix their remuneration.

By Order of the Board of Directors,

WALLACE & Co.,
Secretaries, Treasurers and Managers.

The Transfer Books of the Corporation will be closed from 24th November to 16th December 1944, both days inclusive.

Bombay, 14th November 1944.

982

PUBLIC NOTICES

NOTICE
RATIONING OF ARTIFICIAL SILK YARN

In exercise of the powers conferred upon me by Section 12 of the Hoarding and Profiteering prevention Ordinance 1943 (Ordinance No. XXXV of 1943), I hereby call upon all proprietors and managements of mills manufacturing artificial silk fabrics to supply to the Office of the Controller General of Civil Supplies (Art Silk), First Marine Street, Kalbadevi, Bombay 2, by not later than the 30th November 1944 complete and up-to-date information in the subjoined forms I and II.

NOTE:—Any firm or manufacturing concern of artificial silk fabrics, laces or any other article from artificial silk yarn not submitting the particulars required above will be debarred from participating in the distribution quota made by this office.

C. C. DESAI,
Controller General of Civil Supplies.

FORM I

Particulars of Art Silk Cloth for which ceiling prices are to be fixed.

Name of Mill
Location

1. Mill Serial Number
2. Description of Cloth
3. Trade Number and|or Trade Mark, if any
4. Dimensions:
   (a) Width in ins.
   (b) Length in yards
   (c) Weight in lbs. (of finished cloth)
5. Denier:
   (a) Warp
   (b) Weft
6. Reed
7. Picks
8. Weight of Grey Yarn in:
   (base on actual counts)
   (a) Warp
   (b) Weft
9. Weight of Dyed Yarn in:
   (a) Warp
   (b) Weft
10. Weight of doubled yarn in border.
    (a) Bleached
    (b) Dyed
11. Total weight, i.e., Total of 8, 9 and 10
12. In case of piece dyed, state whether direct or fast, and if direct, whether light and medium or medium and dark.
13. Width of border.
14. State special weaves, e.g., Drop Box, Jacquered Dobby, twisting with shafts used:
15. Type of finish, whether bleached or dyed.
16. Remarks.

NOTE:—Samples of the articles manufactured are to be sent along with this form.

Station:
Date:

Signature of Mill Officer with designation.

FORM II

No.	Name of Mill and situation	Total Number of Looms			Number of Looms engaged on the production of Art silk			Of the decrease in Col. III(c)			Total average production of artificial silk goods	
		a. In Oct. 1941	b. In Oct. 1944	c. Increase or decrease	a. In Oct. 1941	b. In Oct. 1944	c. Increase or decrease	a. Looms diverted to other uses e.g., Silk, cotton or woollen manufacture	b. Looms entirely closed down	Are these looms being worked (a) on Manufacturers' own a|c or (b) on others' account	a. In Oct. 1941	b. In Oct. 1944
I	II	III			IV			V		VI	VII	VIII

(971)

BOMBAY AUXILIARY FIRE SERVICE

VACANCIES FOR Unmarried men between 19 and 35 years for appointments in the above Service as under:

With free quarters and Uniform.

Sub-Leaders	on	Rs. 70-4-110
Motor Drivers	on	Rs. 70-2½-95
Firemen	on	Rs. 35-1-45

Rs. 18|- per month dearness allowance. Prospects of promotions to higher grades and BONUS at end of war for approved service.

Selected candidates must undergo medical examination.

Applications should be made IN PERSON to the undersigned at Fire Brigade Headquarters, Byculla Bridge, Bombay, between 9-30 A.M. and 6-0 P.M. (S.T.) on week days and 9-30 A.M. and 12-0 A.M. (S.T.) on Saturdays.

N. COOMBS,
Officer Commanding,
Bombay Fire Services.

Bombay, 9th November, 1944.

(948)

ANTI-MALARIA DRUGS

Mepacrine hydrochloride B. P. and Quinacrine hydrochloride U. S. P.—reliable quinine substitutes widely used by the defence services for the treatment of malaria—are now available in adequate quantities for civil use Medical practitioners and others who have difficulty in obtaining supplies should apply to the Surgeon-General or Inspector-General of Civil Hospitals of the Province.

Issued by the Government of India, Department of Education, Health and Lands.

978

COOPER ENGINEERING LTD.

NOTICE.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that the Fourth Ordinary General Meeting of the Company will be held at 'Construction House', Ballard Estate, Bombay, on Tuesday the 12th December 1944 at 4-0 p. m. (S. T.) for the purpose of transacting the following business:—

1. To receive and adopt the Directors' Report and Audited Statement of Accounts for the year ended 30th June 1944 and to declare dividend.
2. To elect Directors in place of those who retire under the provisions of the Articles of Association, but who are eligible for re-election.
3. To appoint Auditors for the current year and to fix their remuneration.

The Transfer Books of the Company will be closed from Friday the 1st December 1944 to Thursday the 14th December 1944 (both days inclusive).

By Order of the Board,
B. D. SARDESAI,
Secretary.

Construction House,
Ballard Estate,
Bombay, 13th November 1944.

NOTE: The Dividend, if sanctioned, will be paid at the Company's Registered Office at 'Construction House', Ballard Estate, Fort, Bombay, on and from Thursday the 28th December 1944 to those shareholders whose names stand on the Company's Register as on Thursday the 14th December 1944.

(975)

PUBLIC NOTICES

GOVERNMENT OF INDIA
DEPARTMENT OF SUPPLY

Office of the Controller of Supplies (Disposals), Strand House, Graham Road, Ballard Estate, BOMBAY.

AUCTION NOTICE.

An auction will be held on Wednesday, the 15th instant for the sale of unserviceable and waste timber at 11 a. m. at the Government Timber Salvage Depot, Matunga, and at 2-30 p.m. at the Government Port Timber Depot, Sewri. Full details regarding the timber that will be offered for sale and the terms of sale can be obtained from the Office of the Controller of Supplies, (Disposals) or from Messrs. Gandhi & Co., Government Auctioneers, 72, Medows Street, Fort, Bombay. (981)

NOTICE.

APPLICATIONS ARE INVITED for temporary posts of Assistant Motor Vehicles Inspectors.

QUALIFICATIONS: Diploma in Automobile Engineering and workshop experience of at least three years in any established automobile firm.

PAY: 125-5-200 per month.

AGE: Below 25 years.

Applications should be in the candidate's own handwriting and forwarded to reach the Secretary, Provincial Transport Authority, Secretariat, Bombay not later than 30th November 1944 together with copies of testimonials regarding age, past experience and moral character.

Candidates called for interview and test shall have to attend at their own expense.

Secretary,
Provincial Transport Authority,
(980) Secretariat, Bombay.

BOMBAY MUNICIPALITY
Public Health Department
NOTICE

TENDERS for the supply of Hay and Rice Straw for one year from 1-3-1945 are invited and will be received by the Municipal Commissioner for the City of Bombay, not later than 1 p.m. (B. T.), on 29-11-1944.

TENDER NO. I—Hay about 43,64,200 lbs. and rice straw about 21,840 lbs. to be supplied in Bombay.

TENDER NO. II—Hay about 70,00,000 lbs. to be supplied at the Municipal Slaughter House at Bandra.

The hay should be Bhel or Fool (fine quality). The supply of rice straw should be of fine quality from Deccan side and not thick and coarse with lot of fibrous material.

Tenderers quoting for any other quality should specify the quality for which they are tendering.

Forms of tenders, specifications etc., will be given to any one on payment of Rupee One only for each set of tender forms by the undersigned who will give any further particulars required.

The tenders should be enclosed in a sealed envelope which must be endorsed "Tender for the supply of Hay and rice straw for Municipal cattle" addressed to the Municipal Commissioner and delivered at the office of the Chief Accountant, Municipal Offices, Fort, Bombay.

Only hand pressed bundles of hay of the crops of the years 1943—and 1944 will be accepted.

B. C. DAS GUPTA,
Executive Health Officer.

Public Health Deptt.,
Municipal Offices,
Bombay, 10-11-1944.

N.B.—"Tenders must be brought duly sealed to the Municipal Office and delivered at the Chief Accountant's Office as directed above. Tenderers shall not be allowed to fill in or seal their tenders at the Chief Accountant's or any other Municipal Office". 973

LEGAL NOTICES

NOTICE

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that MINOCHER MERWANJI GOBHAI and NOWROJI MERWANJI GOBHAI, Executors of the Will of the late Merwanji N. Gobhai have contracted to sell the undermentioned property to our client. All persons having any claim against or to the said property of whatsoever kind or nature are hereby required to make the same known in writing to the undersigned at their Office at 36, Tamarind Lane, Fort, Bombay, within FOURTEEN DAYS from the date hereof otherwise the same will be completed without reference to such claim and the same, if any, will be considered as waived.

DESCRIPTION OF PROPERTY:

ALL that piece of land, containing an area of 924 square yards or thereabouts situate on and being plot No. 122 of the Agripada West Estate of the Municipality of Bombay in the City and Island and Sub-Registration District of Bombay, together with the messuage tenement or dwelling house and garage standing thereon bounded, on the North-East by plot No. 123 of the said Estate leased to Jehangir Merwanji Mehta and Byramji Jeewanji Mistree now belonging to Belli Ram Bros., on the South-East by the land of the Board let out as a service passage, on the South-West by plot No. 121 of the said Estate leased to the Trustees of the Bombay Young Men's Christian Association and on the North-West by Rebsch Street which said piece of land forms portion of lands bearing New Survey No. 3528 and Cadastral Survey No. 3|1865 of Byculla Division and bears Municipal E Ward No. 4091 (2AA) and Street No. 17.

Dated this 13th day of November, 1944.

GHULAMALI NOORANI & CO.,
Purchaser's Attorneys.
(858)

PUBLIC NOTICES

GRAND OPPORTUNITY.
MACHINERY ON SALE.

A Marble Factory at Gwalior, which had been doing the work of cutting and polishing local Gohra marble brought from a quarry, situated 28 miles from Bijeypur Station on the Scindia State Railway, is to be disposed off. An easy approach to the quarry is provided by an excellent fair weather road and trolley arrangement for transportation of the marble blocks. The following machinery of the Factory is offered for sale. Those desirous to purchase the same with a view to run it should apply to the undersigned. Every possible facility in connection with the quarry and land for erection of a new Factory will be afforded as per State rules:—

3 Sawing machines.
3 Surfacing machines with one electric motor.
3 Polishing machines with 3 electric motors.
5 Cutting machines with 5 electric motors.
2 Floor polishing machines (one with petrol motor and one with electric motor).
1 Oil engine of 47 H. P. in excellent working order.

Besides these, a sufficient quantity of Factory store is available, a list whereof can be had from the undersigned.

CONTROLLER OF HOUSEHOLD,
Gwalior Durbar.
(977)

LEGAL NOTICES

NOTICE:

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that Liladhar Jivraj, Lakhmidas Devidas, Jamnadas Devidas and Gopaldas Devidas all present Trustees of the Will of Devidas Movji of Bombay Hindu Inhabitants have contracted to sell the undermentioned property to our client.

All persons having any claim against or to the said property by way of inheritance, mortgage, sale, gift, lease, lien charge, trust, maintenance, easement or otherwise howsoever are hereby required to make the same known in writing to the undersigned at their Office at 35, Dalal Street, Examiner Press Building, Fort, Bombay within 14 days from the date hereof otherwise the sale will be completed without reference to such claim and the same, if any, will be considered as waived.

THE SCHEDULE OF THE PROPERTY.

FIRSTLY: ALL THAT piece of land situate on the Mathew Road Estate on the Board in the City and Island and Sub-Registration District of Bombay which piece of land has been computed to contain a total area of eight hundred and ninety-six Square yards or thereabouts according to Cadastral Survey 892 Square Yards be the same more or less and which is bounded on the North-West by Plot No. 22 of the said Estate on the South by Mathew Road, on the North-East by land of the Board laid out as a service passage and on the South-East by land in tenure or occupation of Pandharinath Kashinath Telang which said piece of land is known as Plot No. 23 of the said Estate and is with the dimensions thereof and which said premises as to part bear New Survey No. 4|8019 and 1|8019 and are assessed by the Municipality under "D" Ward No. 1521 and Street No. 13 and bearing Cadastral Survey No. 1503 of Girgaum Division and being with the dimensions thereof delienated on the plan drawn on the lease dated 2nd November 1917.

SECONDLY: ALL THAT piece of land containing an area of Two Hundred and Seventy-Eight Square Yards according to Cadastral Survey 267 sq. yds. or thereabouts situate on and being Plot No. 22 of the Mathew Road Estate of the Board in the City and Island and Sub-Registration District of Bombay bounded on the East by land of the Board laid out as a service passage on the South-East by Plot No. 23 of the said Estate on the South-West by Mathew Road on the North-West by Plot No. 24 of the said Estate and on the North by Plot No. 21 of the said Estate and forming portion of lands bearing New Survey No. 8019 and being with the dimensions thereof delienated on the plan drawn on the lease dated 22nd July 1919 being thereon coloured green and surrounded by a red boundary line and are assessed by the Municipality under "D" Ward No. 1522, Street No. 13 and bearing Cadastral Survey No. 1504 of Girgaum Division.

The said plots Nos. 22 and 23 of the said Mathew Estate form one property bearing Municipal Ward No. 1521 and 1522 and Street Nos. 13 and are now in the occupation of the Military Authorities.

Dated this 11th day of November, 1944.

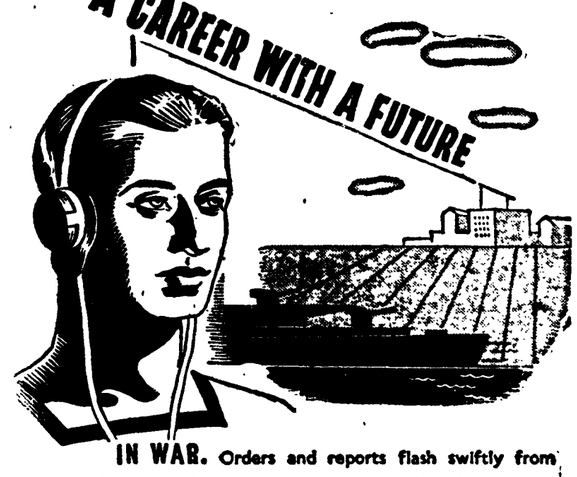
HARIDAS & CO.,
Purchaser's Attorneys.
(968)

GET RID OF YOUR PILES
Be fit again by using
HAEMOVIN
THE BRITISH SUBSTITUTE FOR
HADENSA
Ask your Chemist or Phone 22904

FREE
CALENDAR 1944
With illustrated catalogue of London New Gold and its ornaments is given away absolutely FREE. A sample set comprising of 4 pairs Bangles, 1 pair Ear-ring, 1 locket and 1 Finger ring is also offered to interested persons who apply before the concession is withdrawn.
LONDON, C. CO.,
P. B. 165 (B. C. B-) LAHORE.

CHEMO-MAG
THE BRAND OF
MILK OF MAGNESIA
605
Rs. 1/14/- per
As. -/15/- per
12 - oz. Bottle
4 - oz. Bottle
AVAILABLE AT ALL CHEMISTS

. . . It means that you are threatened with gum-rot! Serious gum disease—pyorrhœa or gingivitis—is probably preparing to rob you of your teeth and undermine your health. Use Gibbs "S.R." Toothpaste to combat this danger—it prevents and arrests gum disease. The Sodium Ricinoleate it contains is what dentists use in the treatment of gum troubles. Regular use of Gibbs "S.R." will help to keep your gums healthy and your teeth sound.
Gibbs "S.R." TOOTHPASTE
D. & W. GIBBS LTD., LONDON, ENGLAND

A CAREER WITH A FUTURE

IN WAR. Orders and reports flash swiftly from ship to ship...speed and accuracy in despatch and receipt of signals are essential. Signalmen and Telegraphists in the R.I.N. perform these duties with keenness and efficiency.

IN PEACE. Qualified R.I.N. Signalmen and Telegraphists will be fully equipped to take responsible appointments, open only to trained men. Shrewd employers will prefer men who have been trained in one of the best services in India—the R.I.N.

PAY. For Ordinary Signalmen and Telegraphists. Starting pay Rs. 60/- and rising to Rs. 110/- per month.

AGE LIMITS. Between 17½ and 26 years.

EDUCATION. Matriculation or equivalent examination. Good handwriting and first-class knowledge of written English is essential.

PROSPECTS. Promotion with increased rates of pay, depends upon personal ability, good conduct and qualities of leadership. Opportunities exist for promotion to Warrant Rank with appropriate increases in pay rising from Rs. 300/- to Rs. 460/- per month.

ALLOWANCES. In addition to good pay Signalmen and Telegraphists receive:—FREE clothing, food, accommodation and expert medical attention... DEFERRED PAY... GOOD CONDUCT PAY... EXTRA DUTY ALLOWANCE...BATTA... EXPATRIATION ALLOWANCE ... ADDITIONAL ALLOWANCES ... for specialized knowledge... LEAVE with FREE travel.

PENSIONS. are granted after 15 years' service. Disability and Family pensions and Family Gratuities are admissible where disability or death is attributable to Naval Service.

RIN
India's Navy

Apply to the nearest Recruiting Office. A list appears below:

POONA (H. Q.)	Staunton Road
BOMBAY	Esplanade Maidan Dhobi Talao
NAGPUR	Assembly Rest House.
AHMEDABAD	Panch Kuva
BELGAUM	Bungalow No. 39, Old Telegraph Office
KHANDWA	Military Barracks.

AAA 706

Printed and published for the Bombay Chronicle Co., Ltd. by MICHAEL ANDRADES at the Bombay Chronicle Press, Red Building Parsi Bazar Street, Fort, Bombay.